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TUESDAY, JULY 1, 1958.

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COMMENT C THE DAY

HK Development Corporation

MUCH has been said in the last few days in favor of the suggestion that the Corporation should have its own development plan. Considering that the Corporation is the only body in the Colony with the power to plan for the future, it is surprising that it has not done so. The Corporation's role is to develop the land and to provide the infrastructure for the Colony. It is not only a public body, but also a body that is responsible for the future of the Colony. It is not only a public body, but also a body that is responsible for the future of the Colony.

Last week's forum conducted by the Civic Association attests that the subject is one which requires careful thought. The Corporation's role is to develop the land and to provide the infrastructure for the Colony. It is not only a public body, but also a body that is responsible for the future of the Colony. It is not only a public body, but also a body that is responsible for the future of the Colony.

Opportunist

It is thought among some for example, that an industrial loan policy may be sufficient to "bend" the future trend of the Colony, so that industry may become more diversified and balanced. True, short-term loans have tended to give industrial investment here an "opportunistic" character. Returns are widely demanded and light industry has offered most advantages. Again, industrialists have been eager to exploit the one branch of technical "know-how" in which this Colony is relatively proficient.

Planning Needed

BUT can a loan policy agreed upon by a local development corporation achieve the desired "bend", can it channel investment funds into forms of industry in which many local industrialists are clearly not interested? If we have the broad-mindedness that would have enabled us to see the pitfalls of over-reliance on one branch of industry in the past, is there any guarantee that our attitude will change in the future? To agree with expert advice on our need for diversification is one thing; to effect the change something altogether different. The attitude of too many industrialists in the past has been "When you're on a good thing, stick to it." And the idea of a central planning authority is clearly unpopular. Yet, without planning it is doubtful whether the Corporation can be effective as a means of correcting the present industrial imbalance.

No Answer

THE Corporation is indeed a most interesting suggestion, but unless it incorporates an industrial planning advisory committee, capable of surveying the Colony's needs, appraising those industries most desirable and useful for the Colony's economy and directing how money can best be invested, there is a danger that the Corporation will be seen by some as no more than a benevolent lending institution worth approaching when bank loans are either offered on unsatisfactory terms or unforthcoming altogether. This in no sense denies the merit of Colonel Clague's excellent proposal, but it presages the point he himself made at the outset of his speech to the Legislative Assembly earlier this year, that the idea of the Corporation should be examined by a Committee of experts. Government is entitled to its doubts about the proposal, but it is no answer to his suggestion, in fairness to him and those like him who believe the idea sound and potentially of great value to the Colony, it ought to be fairly and fairly considered.

The Queen And Her Food Fads

New York, June 30. The former chef on the British Royal train said in an article published today that he had never known the Queen to diet, but added that one of her favorite foods was fried potatoes.

The story of the chef, Mr. Charles Mellis, who retired last year after 12 years as chef on the Royal train, appeared today in the Saturday Evening Post.

Mr. Mellis said "The Queen does have her food fads. She does not like mutton. She seldom touches fish. Neither does she care for grapefruit."

He added "But I have never known the Queen actually to diet, quite the contrary. In fact, what woman would be dieting would be a liberal helping of fried potatoes? Yet the Queen never passed them by."

Mr. Mellis said there were few dishes her husband, the Duke of Edinburgh disliked, but "he is a small eater for a man."

SHE LIKES FRIED POTATOES

"He (the Prince) is a great one for lobster, shrimps and spinach. Whenever he has spinach the Queen has some too, though I formed the impression that she does not really care for it."

"Prince Philip enjoys caviar, too, and will occasionally take a little vodka with it as an appetizer. More frequently he takes sherry with his meals. The Queen will sometimes take a little sherry but mostly she is perfectly content to settle for orange squash," he said.

Mr. Mellis recalled one occasion when he was told that the Queen was ready for lunch at only seven minutes to one, which it was always served promptly at one.

He said he sent a message back saying that lunch was scheduled for one "and one it will be."

When the Queen was told this, Mr. Mellis said, she looked at Prince Philip and said "I'm afraid we're being too impatient. My watch must be wrong."

Mr. Mellis said that ice cream was never served at royal meals, not even to the children, Prince Charles and Princess Anne.

"The Queen does not regard it as suitable," he said.

He also recalled the time when the Prince—then Lieutenant Philip Mountbatten—was courting Princess Elizabeth.

"I saw something of the way they laughed, teased, and looked at each other while travelling," he said "and I shall never forget the time I heard the Queen mother call out to them: 'Now you two, stop kissing each other under the table and behave properly.'"—Reuter.

TORY REVOLT IN COTTON VOTE

Seven MPs Abstain, But... Opposition Motion Is Comfortably Defeated

London, June 30. Seven Conservative Members of Parliament critical of the British government's policy for the Lancashire cotton industry tonight staged a minor "revolt" in the House of Commons.

They sat on their benches and refused to vote against a Labour opposition move critical of the Government's handling of the problem of cheap imports from Asiatic Commonwealth countries.

The imports, Labour said, were one of the causes of Lancashire "slowly bleeding to death."

Conservatives all represented constituencies in Lancashire, an important area politically in any general election.

They were Sir John Barlow, Mr. Richard Fort, Mr. Charles Fletcher-Cooke, Mr. G.E. Drayson, William Simpson, Mr. J.A. Levey and Mr. Philip Ingh Bell.

Mr. Barlow, who was the Conservative spokesman, said that the Government's policy was "a disaster" and that the industry was "bleeding to death."

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Andrea Doria Sinking Caused By Third Ship?

Washington, June 30. A naval expert said today that the sinking of the Italian luxury liner Andrea Doria in 1956 may have been caused by an unidentified third ship.

The giant liner went down after colliding with the Swedish ship Stockholm 180 miles east of New York, near Nantucket Island.

John G. Carothers, a naval engineer of many years experience, said evidence indicates the disaster occurred because the Stockholm was misled by the lights of a third unknown ship in the immediate area.—U.P.I.

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U.S. Won't Submit To Peking's 15-Day Ultimatum

Washington, June 30. The State Department said in a statement today that the United States did not intend to submit to what it called "a 15-day ultimatum" from China on the resumption of talks between the two countries on release of United States citizens in China and other problems.

The State Department statement denied China's charge that the United States had broken off the talks. It said the Chinese statement would be studied, but "we do not propose to submit to a 15-day ultimatum."

The department's statement, read to reporters by Mr. Lincoln White, its official spokesman, was in response to a Communist demand that the United States designate an ambassador to resume the suspended talks within 15 days.

China refused to continue the talks some six months ago when the United States transferred its representative, Mr. Alexei Johnson, U.S. Ambassador to Czechoslovakia, and announced that pending appointment of a new ambassador this country would be represented by a diplomat of the rank of first secretary.

The talks had been proceeding in Geneva at intervals for three years prior to that time.

The United States does not recognize China, but it entered direct negotiations with a Chinese representative at Geneva in 1955 to negotiate release of Americans then imprisoned in China and to discuss other issues.

In a prepared statement today, the United States charged, as it has repeatedly in the past, that China violated an agreement of September 19, 1955, to release all Americans held in China then. Four are still being held.

He also said China refused to give an accounting for American servicemen missing in the Korean War and to renounce use of force in trying to gain control of Formosa.

He said the conference was one of "sterility," but said the United States nonetheless did not break off the talks. He said the United States has been looking into the problem of appointing a new representative of an ambassadorial rank over since Johnson was transferred.—U.P.I. and Reuter.

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Cyprus Curfew To Be Lifted

Nicosia, June 30. The Governor of Cyprus, Sir Hugh Foot, said tonight he would lift the curfew in almost all of the island's towns and villages and he "hoped" to permit cinemas and other places of public entertainment to re-open tomorrow.

"But there can be no question of permitting processions or assemblies," he said in a Government statement.

He warned the people that district security committees maintained the power to restrict the curfew order in trouble areas.

At the same time, the official Gazette carried the terms of a new law making it a misdemeanor to say or publish anything likely to incite violence or create ill-will between the islands' Greek and Turkish communities.

Violations will be punishable by terms of up to 12 months' imprisonment.

Both announcements were made after it was announced that a Greek Cypriot motorcyclist had been shot dead by gunmen near Nicosia today and that a Turk had been killed by an unidentified gunman in the Greek sector of Limassol.

A curfew clamped on Limassol following the shooting was specifically exempted from tonight's order lifting the curfew in most parts of the island.—Reuter.

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POP



MORTARS POUR SHELLS ON TRIPOLI

THE CONFLAGRATION GROWS

"ENTIRELY UNFOUNDED"

The U.S. Rejects Soviet Charge

Washington, June 30. The United States, in a note to the Soviet Union, today rejected as "entirely unfounded" the Soviet charge that a U.S. transport plane forced down in Armenia had intentionally violated Soviet frontiers.

The note was handed over in Moscow today and its text released by the State Department.

The United States acknowledged in the note that the four-engine transport plane might have crossed the Soviet frontier "inadvertently by navigational error."

If this had happened "The United States government regrets that fact," it said. "The United States government must, however, reject as entirely unfounded the charge that an intentional violation occurred," the note said.

Return Crew

"In the light of the foregoing circumstances the Soviet government is requested promptly to return to American control the nine crew members who are presently detained by Soviet authorities, and also the aircraft, if it is, or can be made operational, and if not, its salvageable parts," it added. It had been on a routine flight on regular bi-monthly schedule carrying cargo consigned to United States military and diplomatic missions in Iran and Pakistan.

The note reiterated earlier official statements that the plane had been flying along a regular international civil airways route through overcast weather which forced it to rely on its instruments.—Reuter.

A Lot Of People

United Nations, June 30. At the present rate of increase by the 20th century there will be one inhabitant for every square metre of the earth's land surface, according to a United Nations report which seeks to calculate the time when population will reach the highest figure the world can support. The world's population has taken about 200,000 years to reach its present level, about 2,500 million. If it continues at the present rate, this will be doubled in 30 years, and by the end of the century it will have risen to seven or eight thousand millions.—France-Press.

Orange Threat

The battle was centred on Tripoli's port known as the Mina district, which is separated from the town itself by orange groves, crossed by broad avenues.

The Army can use these avenues for its armoured units but they are constantly threatened by the fire of insurgents hidden in the orange groves.

The Hospital of the American Mission, which was evacuated by its American personnel at the beginning of the rebellion, lies in the Mina sector and the international Red Cross is taking it over to care for the hundreds of men from both sides who have been wounded in the past few days' fighting.

An urgent appeal was sent to the Red Cross headquarters in Geneva for relief supplies.

Gunboats of the Lebanese Navy are controlling the approaches to the port of Mina.—France-Press.

US PLANS ASIAN MISSILE BASE

Washington, June 30. Mr Lewis Strauss, retiring chairman of the U.S. atomic energy commission, said here today that plans were progressing for the United States to launch an Asian nuclear centre in the Philippines.

The United States originally planned to spend about 20 million dollars on the centre if Asian nations would share the cost of maintaining it. Some of the Asian nations were reluctant to make a commitment and the United States contribution has been scaled down.

Mr Strauss did not give any details of the plans being considered. He was speaking at his final official press conference.

Mr Strauss added that the United States might weaken itself militarily if it agreed to suspend nuclear weapons tests. But, he added, the political advantages of an agreement to suspend tests might outweigh the military advantages.

Mr Strauss also said that the decisions of the six-nation European atomic community (EURATOM) would play a potentially important role in shaping the future of western Europe.

"The co-operative undertakings of this group made possible by our assistance may provide the impetus toward economic unity that is needed to strengthen western Europe," he declared.—Reuter.

Japs Launch 30 Mile Rocket

Tokyo, June 30. Japanese scientists today succeeded in launching a rocket the second for the full-scale International Geophysical Year observation at Michikawa beach.

The rocket, of the Kappa 6-TW type, designed by Dr Hideo Yokawa of Tokyo University, reached about 50 kilometres (31 miles) altitude and sent data of temperature and velocity of wind.

The first launching for the full-scale IGY observation failed on June 24 when the rocket exploded in the air 34 seconds after it was launched from the same place.—Reuter.

Ike's Request

Washington, June 30. The American Senate today passed and sent to President Eisenhower for signature the bill under which the United States can share atomic military secrets with her allies, one of the President's major requests for 1958.—Reuter.

Inexhaustible Munitions And Endless Sustained Wastage Inside The Lebanon Capital

Beirut, June 30. For the fourth day running violent fighting raged today in and around Tripoli, Lebanon's second city, as rebel forces using heavy mortars practically cut the city off from the rest of the country.

Unofficial reports said the casualties were the highest of any battle since the Lebanese rebellion started six weeks ago, although exact figures were not known. There were reportedly hundreds of wounded on both sides. The insurgents were shelling the government positions with 60 and 81 mm mortars and because of this heavy fire, it was impossible to approach within five kilometres of the city.

Barbaric stones, handbombs and tree trunks reinforced by steel girders block all streets and roads leading to the sectors of the city held by the insurgents.

From the positions where they are entrenched the rebels keep up sustained fire with automatic weapons for hours on end on the sectors of the city held by the Lebanese army.

No Problem

The wastage of munitions is such that there is apparently no problem in replacing them.

This is one of the points which is being watched by United Nations observers.

While the battle raged yesterday, a helicopter being used by the observers' group circled for a long time over the north of Tripoli following movements both on the sea from the neighbouring Syrian ports of Nabayas and Latakia and overland from the Syrian frontier, only 25 kilometres from the combat zone around Tripoli.

Orange Threat

The battle was centred on Tripoli's port known as the Mina district, which is separated from the town itself by orange groves, crossed by broad avenues.

The Army can use these avenues for its armoured units but they are constantly threatened by the fire of insurgents hidden in the orange groves.

The Hospital of the American Mission, which was evacuated by its American personnel at the beginning of the rebellion, lies in the Mina sector and the international Red Cross is taking it over to care for the hundreds of men from both sides who have been wounded in the past few days' fighting.

An urgent appeal was sent to the Red Cross headquarters in Geneva for relief supplies.

Gunboats of the Lebanese Navy are controlling the approaches to the port of Mina.—France-Press.

US PLANS ASIAN MISSILE BASE

Washington, June 30. Mr Lewis Strauss, retiring chairman of the U.S. atomic energy commission, said here today that plans were progressing for the United States to launch an Asian nuclear centre in the Philippines.

The United States originally planned to spend about 20 million dollars on the centre if Asian nations would share the cost of maintaining it. Some of the Asian nations were reluctant to make a commitment and the United States contribution has been scaled down.

Mr Strauss did not give any details of the plans being considered. He was speaking at his final official press conference.

Mr Strauss added that the United States might weaken itself militarily if it agreed to suspend nuclear weapons tests. But, he added, the political advantages of an agreement to suspend tests might outweigh the military advantages.

Mr Strauss also said that the decisions of the six-nation European atomic community (EURATOM) would play a potentially important role in shaping the future of western Europe.

"The co-operative undertakings of this group made possible by our assistance may provide the impetus toward economic unity that is needed to strengthen western Europe," he declared.—Reuter.

Japs Launch 30 Mile Rocket

Tokyo, June 30. Japanese scientists today succeeded in launching a rocket the second for the full-scale International Geophysical Year observation at Michikawa beach.

The rocket, of the Kappa 6-TW type, designed by Dr Hideo Yokawa of Tokyo University, reached about 50 kilometres (31 miles) altitude and sent data of temperature and velocity of wind.

The first launching for the full-scale IGY observation failed on June 24 when the rocket exploded in the air 34 seconds after it was launched from the same place.—Reuter.

Ike's Request

Washington, June 30. The American Senate today passed and sent to President Eisenhower for signature the bill under which the United States can share atomic military secrets with her allies, one of the President's major requests for 1958.—Reuter.

DON'T GIVE A LIFT TO AN ACTOR

£17,500 For A Car Crash

London, June 30. Irish actor Joseph Tomelty, 47, was awarded £17,500 sterling damages in the High Court here today for injuries he suffered in a car crash in 1955.

Mr Tomelty, of Belfast, had sued the driver of the car in which he was a passenger, Mr Joseph Wolfram of Borehamwood, Hertfordshire.

The actor claimed that his memory powers of concentration and emotional control were affected after he suffered a fractured skull and brain injuries in the crash.

Mr Tomelty had also sued the driver of the other car involved in the crash. Mr Malcolm Douglas Robinson of London.

Pay Costs

Mr Wolfram was ordered to pay Mr Tomelty's costs.

Mr Frederick Joachim, Mr Tomelty's agent, estimated that the Belfast actor would have earned a total of £19,600 sterling in 1957 and 1958 but for the effects of the accident.

Mr Justice Diplock noted that the actor appeared in a successful production of an American play "The Rainmaker" in Liverpool early this year.

"I am satisfied that so far as getting a performance across to an audience is concerned he has already very largely recovered his former powers," the judge added.

Performance

"I don't take the view that Mr Tomelty's career is finished or irreparably damaged," the judge said.

The actor's loss of earnings would be compensated by £8,000 sterling damages, general damages were assessed at £9,000 sterling and an agreed sum of £500 sterling was awarded as special damages.

Mr Tomelty had given "a superb performance of a man suffering from very severe head injuries," during his testimony.

"I don't suggest for a moment there was a conscious exaggeration in his evidence but I think he found it impossible not to live the part he was playing."

Mr Tomelty was not in court to hear the judgment.—China Mail Special.

QUEEN'S

ANNOUNCEMENT

The Management of this Theatre wishes to notify its patrons that as from today, July 1, 1958, the Queen's Theatre will temporarily cease to function as a Cinema House. The present building will shortly be demolished to make room for a 15 storey skyscraper which will have shopping arcades, and will house the New Queen's Theatre, Savoy Lounge and business offices.

For the past 30 odd years, it is always the policy of this theatre to present to our patrons the very best in Screen and Stage entertainment. In fully appreciate the very kind support we have received from our patrons and would like to take this opportunity of thanking each and every one of them for their valued patronage in the past. During the demolition and construction period, the temporary office of the Queen's Theatre, with effect from July 7th, 1958, will be at Rm 411, Central Building Hong Kong. Our telephone numbers 31453 and 25859 remain unchanged.

The Management.

Lee & Astor

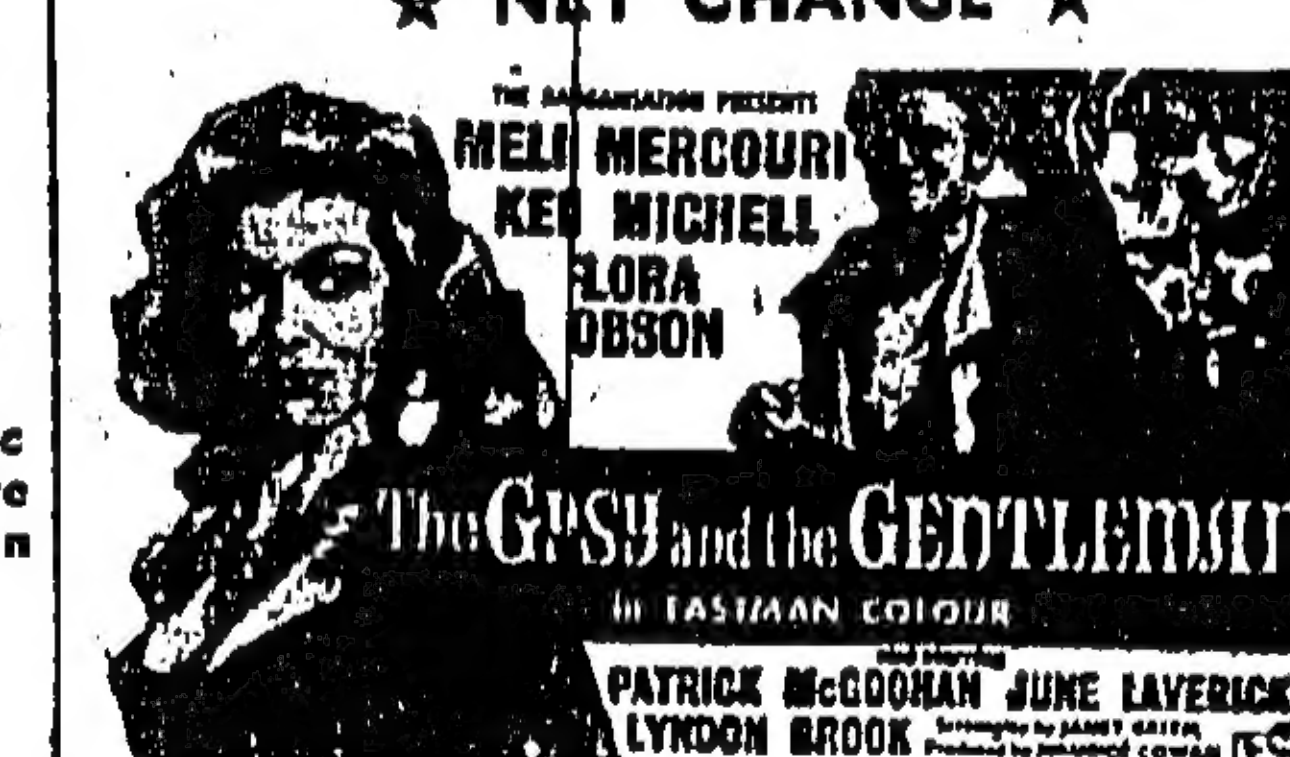
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FRANKIE VAUGHAN
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Introducing
CAROLE LESLEY & KIE LANE
with KATHERINE KEMP
Original story and screenplay
by JACK TREVOR
Produced by ANNA NEAL
Directed by HERBERT WILKINSON
Distributed by ASSOCIATED BRITISH FILMS LTD

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THE GYPSY AND THE GENTLEMAN
in EASTMAN COLOUR
PATRICK MCCORMAN JUNE LAVERICK
LYNDON BROOK
Directed by JOHN LEWIS

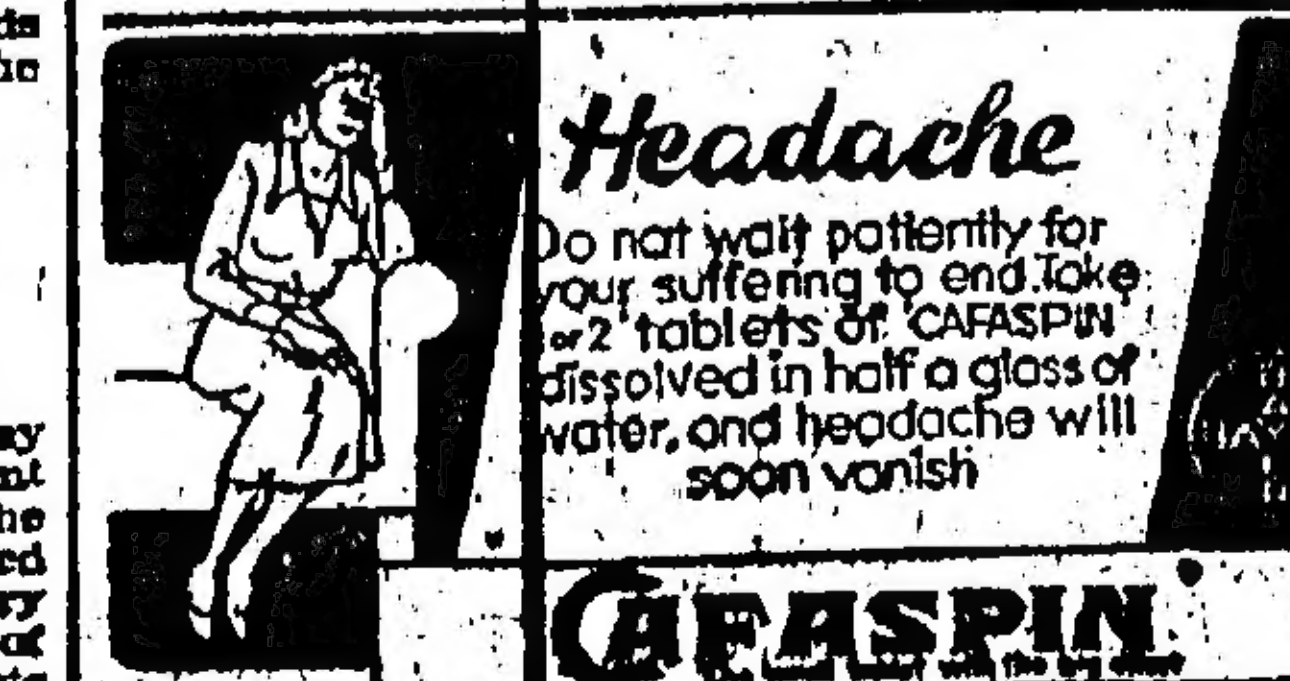
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PEOPLE

in the news

A Weekly China Mail Feature

Papa Gabor Talks Of All His Beautiful Girls

PEOPLE SPECIAL

ONE MAN FROM LANCASTRIA WAS WAITING FOR DEATH... UNTIL A VISION IN WHITE STIRRED HIM WITH THE WORDS: COME ON, POP

The Angel found after 18 years



JUNE, 1940: The Lancastria goes down and 3,000 are lost.

A FEAR trickled down the cheek of the old man who took Mrs Joan Rodas by the hands. "The angel of St Nazaire," he cried. "It really is the Angel of St Nazaire."

Mrs Rodas looked at the weathered face, smiled, and said: "Of course... Percy Fairfax, the nurse you met."

It was 18 years ago they last met. It was a badly burnt Lancastria, waiting for death in the oil-filled waters five miles off the French coast.

She was the British nurse who appeared out of the smoke of burning Lancastria, and she had red scars of others that had not faded.

Sweet voice

Ever since the war ended, the Lancastria survivors' association had been looking for her—the "Angel" whose name they never heard.

They had her a few days ago living in Paris. She flew over to London for the day's reunion and a trip down the Thames in a pleasure steamer. And a peaceful June day in London—year-old Mr Fair-

By PETER

WHALEY

When the Lancastria went down—Churchill called it the greatest sea disaster of all time—only 2,000 of the 3,000 on board survived.

Mrs Rodas, wife of a French engineer, was working with the French Red Cross in a hospital converted from a sea-front hotel at St Nazaire.

On the first day she tended survivors at the hospital. The second day she went out to bring in the men still at sea.

She nearly lost her life. Dodging machine-gun bullets, she flung herself flat on the bottom of the fishing boat.

A few weeks later she lost the baby she was expecting. Her experience caused other illnesses that kept her in bed for two years. They still recur.

While ill in bed, she helped the Resistance movement with a secret radio hidden under the bedclothes, and later had to be hidden with her baby son by peasants.

It was during her illness that a nun pinned a medal to her pillow. It is one usually awarded posthumously—they thought she had given her life for the soldiers.

The other day she received another award: A lie of honour from the survivors.

With her she brought a bottle of perfume for Miss Jacqueline Tillyer of Newwood Road South-all, Jacqueline, soon to be married, was two years old when the ship went down—and the youngest survivor.



MRS. RODAS: The Angel in London

Budapest. In a room overlooking the Danube filled with the souvenirs of his three beautiful temperamental daughters, an old man of 70 sits with his memories. His name is Vilmos Gabor and he is the father of glamorous Zsa Zsa, Eva and Magda.

Although partly disabled by a stroke which put him on his back and robbed him of speech for a year in 1951, "Papa" Gabor is still a lively character with sharp blue eyes and old-fashioned courtesy.

Visiting Hongkong

Holding an antique cur-trumpet clapped to one ear, the plump, rosy-cheeked former jeweller, a large silver ring on his right hand, brightens at the mention of his daughters and his former wife Jolie, soon to visit Hongkong with her new son-aged husband.

The first question he asked during a recent visit was: "Do you know Zsa Zsa?" He received the reluctant answer "No" with a forgiving smile.

Then he spoke of his far-off "babies" in nostalgic vein, every now and again dropping into a sort of refrain, "Zsa Zsa, Zsa Zsa."

The small neat flat, overcrowded with furniture and paintings too big for it, where he lives with his present wife, a small, unassuming woman whose family was gassed by the Nazis at Auschwitz concentration camp in World War II, is a relic of the bygone days of Budapest.

This is all that remains of the villas, houses and jeweller's shops which once belonged to Mr Gabor. "All gone," he said, spreading his hands in a gesture half-sad, half-amused.

Transparencies

Three colour transparencies, showing Zsa Zsa in low-cut dresses and languid poses, are posted against the window pane which looks across the Danube to the Gellert Hill with its huge statue of Liberty, guarded by two Soviet soldiers.

The features of three little girls, with long hair and in frilly dresses, painted on a plate,

look out derisively from a china cabinet.

Then the visitor is shown glossy, Hollywood-style photographs—Zsa Zsa as "actress of the year" and in a variety of other poses, and, on a shelf, a book called "Salami and Or-chids" with the name of Eva Gabor on it.

Prompted by his wife who translates the sounds of the outside world for him, Papa Gabor waved his hands excitedly as he recalled his past.

"I had four villas, seven houses and 10 jeweller's shops. The girls were all educated in Switzerland, and I used to spend one week every month visiting them."

"I went to the United States in 1945—to New York and Hollywood (here he chuckled and wagged his head to show extreme appreciation) and came back in 1947 to sell my property and settle up my affairs here."

Prefers Budapest

He planned to go back to America, join his daughters and settle down. But he was not allowed to leave the country. In 1951 he was sent from Budapest to live in the country, had a stroke, and returned only in 1953 when a more lenient policy was introduced.

Now he has a passport permitting him to leave the country, but he prefers to remain in Budapest. He speaks only a few words of English, tires easily, and has difficulty in pronouncing his words as well as in hearing.

On his last trip to America, he apparently felt rather lost at times. "I was lonely and poor, and the babies said I should marry this poor orphan"—turning to the present Mrs Gabor, once manageress of one of his shops.

One of Mr Gabor's abiding passions in his old age is to sit and watch television on a set



EVA



MAMA

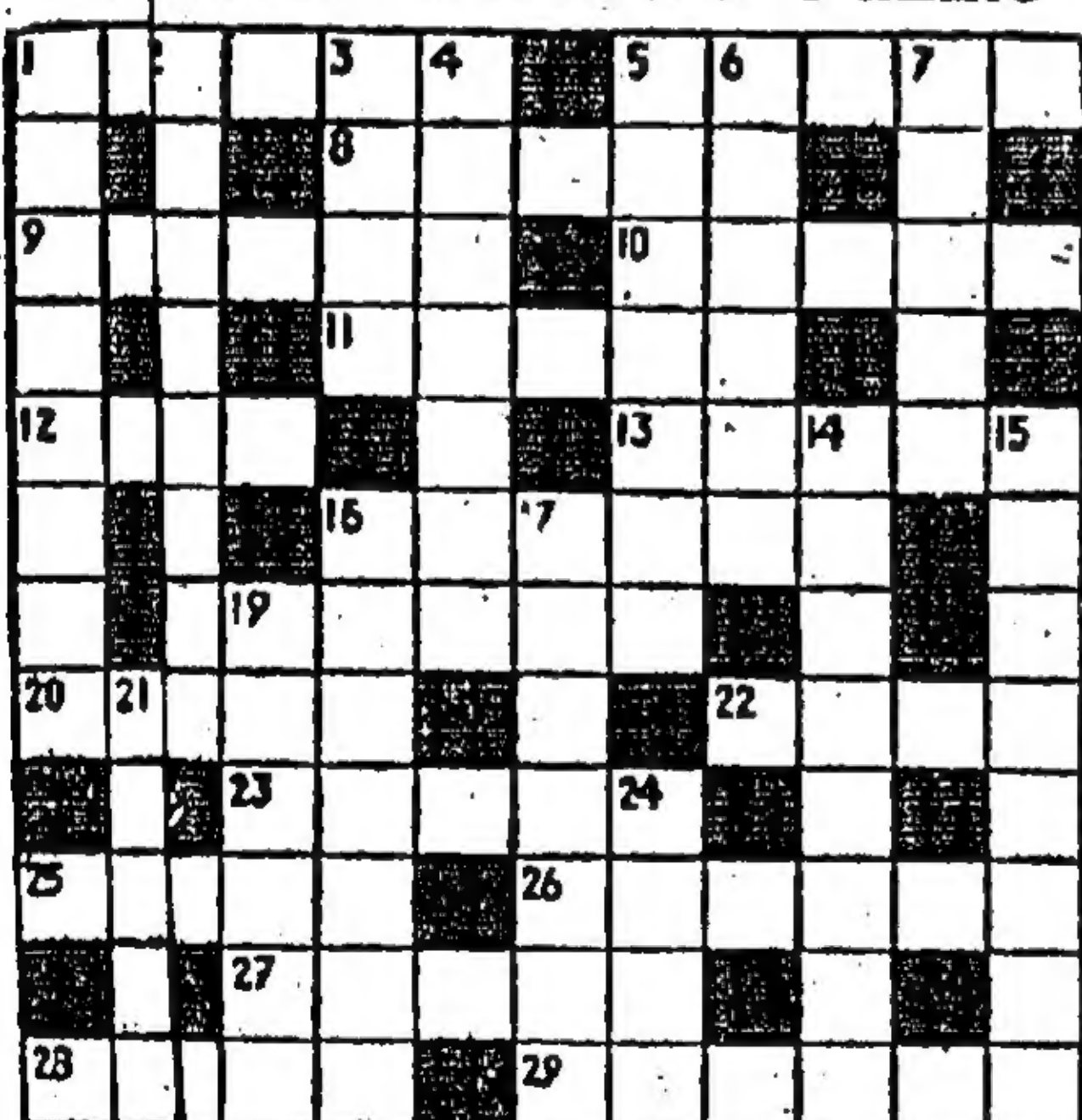


ZSA ZSA

given to him by his daughters. He hardly ever leaves his flat, but he has been to see the film "Moulin Rouge" in which Zsa Zsa plays, as he says, "a hundred times."

The "best children in the world" telephone to the old couple every Christmas, and every week when they are in Europe, which is most years. They also send their father and step-mother about 250 dollars (about £200 sterling) every month as well as gift parcels through the Hungarian state-run agency, IKKA.

A British Crossword Puzzle



- ACROSS**
- Often contain sars (6)
 - Stone (3)
 - Baseball yards (5)
 - Tall (4)
 - Compos. David, maybe (5)
 - Famous conductor (5)
 - Amber's key for simple tops (4)
 - The row, frontiersmen (5)
 - Summertime, you may remember (5)
 - Fairy tale (5)
 - One way to power (5)
 - Break face (4)
 - Shocking (five amp) (5)
 - Ms. o. volup, perhaps (5)
 - Race effort (6)
 - Proclaim (5)
 - Counted zens (5)
 - Poke in (4)
- DOWN**
- Popular flower (8)
 - Gracely (6)
 - Consumes American food (4)
 - Soldier, or transport for him (7)
 - Cable-winder (7)
 - Attack (6)
 - Wooden monarch? (5)
 - S-T-R-E-T-C-H (8)
 - But DOES he eat his pie? (8)
 - Deserts (7)
 - Neatly filled cosmetic necessary? (7)
 - Bunches of beauty? (6)
 - Anaesthetic (5)
 - Biblical character (4)

MOND'S CROSSWORD—Across: 1-Cur-ale, 3-Ass-am, 6-Grow, 9-A 11 Pearl (Hirshorn), 12-Entire, 14-Song, 16-Sleep, 18-Lite Post, 20-Domper, 24-Drill, 25-Prate, 26-Even, 27-Die Re-veal, Down: 1-Charlady, 2-Rage, 3-Test, 4-Eat! Asperses, 5-Seriet, 7-Maltese, 10-Union, 13-Divided, 14-ss, 15-Needles, 17-Trier, 18-Tamper, 21-Pine, 22-Race, 23

The premier they call Hugh John

...HE COMES FROM THE LITTLE PROVINCE WITH THE BIG FUTURE

THEY call him Hugh John: family, friends and admirers up and down the province of New Brunswick, Canada. It is a measure of the affection in which Hugh John Flemming, the Premier of the province, is held.

His warm manner, cheerful benign face and twinkling eyes are the marks of a man who likes mankind and believes that to have friends you must make friends.

New Brunswick is a small province, but it produces big men; men who leave it to find fame and fortune in the wider world. Men like Sir James Dunn, the industrialist, R. B. Bennett, Prime Minister of Canada in the thirties, and Andrew Bonar Law, Prime Minister of Britain.

Hugh John Flemming, however, is not one of these. He stayed home.

RICHES

His roots are deep in the soil. His father was premier before him. And he also succeeded his father in a prosperous timber concern.

Like Jacob who served seven years for Rachel, Flemming sat in Parliament seven years before he became leader of the

Conservative Opposition. The next year he won the provincial elections and took office as Premier.

His victory was the first sign of the sweep to the Conservatives. Later he was invited to take office in Diefenbaker's government; but he declined to leave his province.

Flemming is an attractive speaker. He rises at dawn and is first at work and last to leave off.

The prospects for the future of New Brunswick glow bright. In the last five years immense deposits of base metals—lead, zinc, tin, copper—and of ferromanganese have been discovered in the province.

They are among the richest discoveries made in North America. To exploit them great resources will be needed.

Ivan Yates



Mr. FLEMING followed father's footsteps.

TRIUMPH... THEN FALL KILLS SHOW JUMP GIRL

The Culprit... A "Good Reminder" From A Special Metal Bar

LONG CATTLE TREK!

KIMBERLEY. A 63-YEAR-OLD American who has swum the Ohio, Mississippi, Hudson, Missouri and Colorado rivers, has swum the Thames—both ways.

Mr Jim Steyn, of Columbus, Ohio, a bank teller, swam the river near Kew Bridge where it is about 150 yards wide. He now plans to swim the Rhine, the Tiber and San Francisco Bay. "People" Special.

SWIMMER

63-YEAR-OLD American who has swum the Ohio, Mississippi, Hudson, Missouri and Colorado rivers, has swum the Thames—both ways.

Mr Jim Steyn, of Columbus, Ohio, a bank teller, swam the river near Kew Bridge where it is about 150 yards wide. He now plans to swim the Rhine, the Tiber and San Francisco Bay. "People" Special.

13-YEAR-OLD SAVES FATHER'S LIFE

ANGERS. FARMER Paul Barillot, of Lezay, was working a mechanical saw with power from his tractor when his clothing caught in the machinery.

Barillot was being dragged to certain death when his 13-year-old son, Michael, raced up and shut off the tractor power. Mr. Barillot was uninjured. "People" Special.

MISS BEAUTIFUL EYES

TOKYO. A BEAUTIFUL Japanese fashion model, Miss Reiko Yoshikawa, (25) who "enlarged and deepened" her eyes by reading English while working for the Occupation Forces has won the "Miss Patchiki" (Miss Beautiful Eyes) title in Kyoto, western Japan.



MISS GABRIEL For her—cheers

GWENDOLINE GABRIEL was closer to top success as a show jumper than ever before. She had just left the ring at Linton Park, near Maidstone, during the week-end after taking third place in the Foxhunter Trial—the main show-jumping event.

She had qualified for the Horse of the Year Show at Harringay in the autumn.

She had heard 3,000 people cheer.

The 28-year-old Gwendoline, of Little Bursted, Billerley, Essex, took a practice jump... her last.

For before the show was over she was dead.

Warm up

Gwendoline had a few minutes to spare after her triumph before going back in the ring to jump in a handicap competition.

She slipped from the saddle of her horse, Tiko, and mounted Welsh Lad.

To warm him up she put Welsh Lad at the practice jump. She fell with the horse on top of her.

Her father ran to where she lay. Welsh Lad was uninjured. But Gwendoline died before reaching hospital. Few people in the crowd knew about it.

The top bar

Gwendoline, the youngest of three sisters, had been riding since she was a schoolgirl at a Brentwood convent.

Her sister, Mrs Megan Cullen, had competed with her in the trial. She was watching as Gwendoline took the practice jump—a "triangle" with an iron top bar, hard to dislodge and a good reminder to a jumping horse to lift its feet.

And it was that top bar that Welsh Lad struck.

ALY KHAN, after a hard day's racing at Ascot, was dining with the Duchess of Devonshire in a French restaurant in Soho with black contemporary walls, golden ceiling, and period candle-burners.

His rather high-pitched voice, which should not be called a whinny, but which has charmed the ear of many a thoroughbred, could be heard at all the neighbouring tables.

He was telling the duchess about his new job as Pakistan's Permanent Representative at UNO in New York.

"I work like a slave. I'm at the office most mornings about nine. If I don't have an official luncheon appointment, I send out for a snack and work right through till six or seven o'clock."

There are usually three or four of these diplomatic cocktail parties in the evening. I have to go. The telephone is to show one's face, shake hands with the host or hostess, then slip away quickly. If there are no cocktail parties, I sometimes stay at the office, even as late as nine o'clock.

The duchess looked sympathetic. Sitting back, after swallowing the last of his smoked salmon, Aly Khan admitted that he might not have to return to his enormous apartment in New York until July or August, unless the thorny problem of Kashmir cropped up on the UNO agenda.

The duchess said she thought the new job must be very good for him and Pakistan. Aly Khan said: "I suppose so. They wanted me to go to Washington, but I thought I could be more useful at UNO."

He brandished a champagne swizzle stick for emphasis and added these immortal words: "The trouble is it's just like being a fireman. I'm always on call. I have to sleep with my pants on. When the bell goes I have to get up and go."

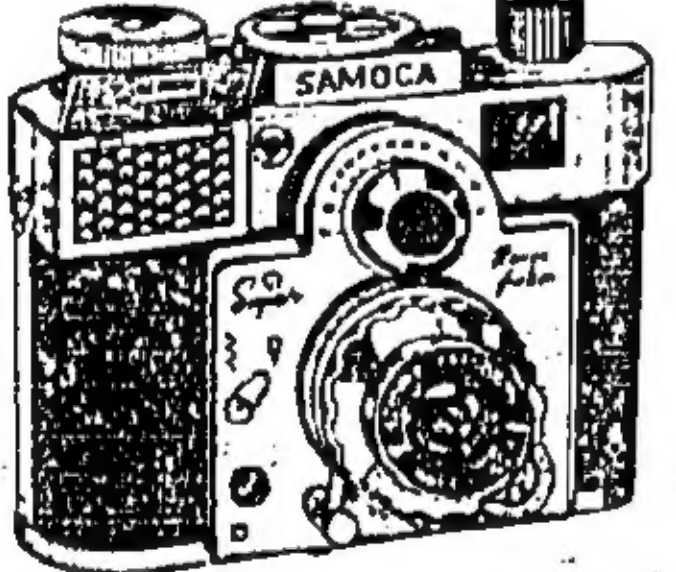
ARTIE...



...think it all—even their country films—are showing a political bias!"

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LOGAN GOURLAY...

Back-about-town-again!



Noting Aly Khan's intriguing problem... Olivier's trouble with Macbeth... and meeting a man who waits for the bell

Private line

THE bell may ring this week-end for Mr. Michael Lewis. The telephone bell at the end of a special G.P.O. line laid on at his request, and cord, to Sunningdale golf course.

He will be playing in Bow-makers annual golf tournament. The private line will be connected to the caddy house and messages will be relayed to him by walkie-talkie apparatus.

Why is it necessary? Mr. Lewis is not a member of the Club, but he is the head of a rapidly growing industrial empire. He insists on keeping in touch, even from the golf course. As yet, he is hardly known outside the City board-rooms but it is obviously true I told you something about him.

Two years ago the family textile business he had inherited had a large bank overdraft. Today it has been expanded and revived by his efforts, and he has bought control of several other large businesses.

Their products range from fabrics to fish-meal fertilisers and ram jets for aero engines.

Total assets exceed £1,000,000.

Mr. Lewis told me: "Don't call me a millionaire — yet. I don't want to make Charlie Clote jealous."

But he can be called one of the best-dressed business barons — which is not surprising. Another of his recent acquisitions is a well-known West End men's bespoke tailor's.

He enthused about a new discovery of one of his textile companies. "It's a new finish which will make corduroy and velvet crease-resisting."

I told him as a non-corduroy wearer that I was much more interested in what made him a crease-resisting expansionist.

He came back with every business baron's cliché: "I don't do it for the money. That means nothing to me."

He turned out, however, to be the first business baron I have met who has studied Adler and Freud.

"I took up psychiatry because I wanted to find out about myself."

"I'll tell you why I expand my business empire. I do it to expand my ego."

I believed Mr. Lewis. I also liked Mr. Lewis, the honest egotist. But he disappointed me by saying, as he left from his office, that he had to rush home because his wife was at Ascot and he had to relieve the baby-sitter.

I should have thought that an industrial king, a man jet-expanding egotist would have had a robot nanny to look after his five growing egotists.

Interval time at the Albert Hall, where I went to hear the American concert pianist Van Cliburn. Buffet, packed with thirty concert-goers, staffed by one solitary, amiable, but slow-moving barmaid. Post-interval

time, Albert Hall packed with thirty concert-goers.

The sights

● PICCADILLY about seven o'clock on one of the week's bright, sunny evenings. A huddle of street-walkers at every corner. A gattered bishop treading slowly, with pained eyes lifted alternately skywards and fixed straight ahead, looking neither right or left.

● PARK LANE about three o'clock on one of the week's hot afternoons. A row of ladies sitting outside on the balcony of a hairdressing establishment under domed hair-driers. Looking like lady monsters from outer space.

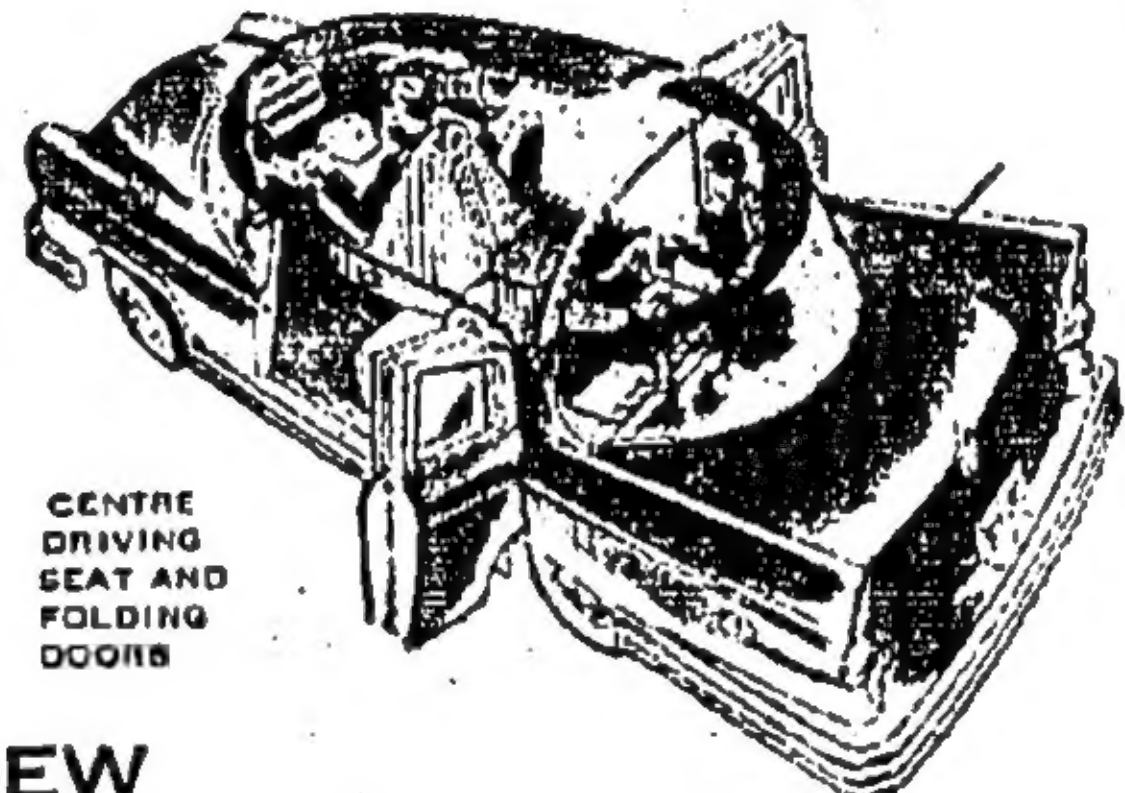
● GERRARD STREET about 11 o'clock on one of the week's warm nights. A young, mustachioed man, supping male passers-by, including me, offering "drinks and a little unusual entertainment" just round the corner. Wearing Ascot cul-de-way and striped trousers. But not grey topper.

Strife

As the bus strike peters out I bring you a story of minor union strife that ended quickly and happily.

Would this be the safest car in the world?

BY BASIL CARDEW



DO we want a completely new brain at work on motor-car design?

I ask this question because I have just examined the prototype of a startling new car produced by one of the biggest insurance companies in America — the Liberty Mutual — in collaboration with the U.S. Cornell Aeronautical Laboratory.

The car is claimed to be the safest car in the world. I do not doubt it.

It has been designed and produced in the critical six months, worry period for car manufacturers before they ride the big business crest of the motor show season.

Old Style

And I present these details today, at a time when the car makers of the world are bringing out the same old motoring concepts, face-lifted only with rear fins, bigger and

heavier bumpers, with 42lb. of chrome added to more than one American model, or with variants to transmission, braking, and chassis.

Let me say at once that I do not suggest that the car I describe is coming. But every man (and now woman) who drives a car will look at it with interest.

Prototype

Before the big insurance company and the U.S. university built their fascinating prototype, months were spent in research. This showed conclusively that car accident injuries are caused when the driver and passengers are thrown against the wind-screen, steering wheel, dashboard or other fixed objects inside the car.

To lessen the force of these accidents the designers developed a form of "packaging" the passenger. So the futuristic safety car has a strengthened body; doors that crash forces cannot open;

and passengers secured inside with seat belts. Eliminated or redesigned are all objects or driving controls that can be lethal in a pile-up.

Its most radical innovation is the sweeping away of the orthodox steering wheel in favour of a lever-control, hydraulically operated, similar to the engine controls in an airplane cockpit.

The driver's seat is placed in the centre of the car for better visibility. Front-seat passengers, including the driver, are held by U-shaped webbing yokes. All seats are the bucket type, providing more "lateral restraint."

Seats

And as the people get into the car their sliding seats are first adjusted, and then a restraining padded panel is pulled over the lap, a form of safety harness.

There is a pull-out headrest to protect against "whiplash" injuries built into the rear of the

driver's seat. And a soft pad in front of the driver's chest gives additional protection.

Rear-Facing

Absolutely new is a rear-facing seat built on the back of the driver's seat which faces the passengers sitting in the back seats.

The doors are also quite new in car design. Each door is in two sections, hinged in the middle.

And they are securely closed by three bolts to stop the occupants being jolted in a crash.

It is a "carefully thought-out remedy to the yearly increase in accidents by an insurance company which has to pay for them."

I hope we shall see some at least of this brave new safety car's techniques incorporated in the cars now on the drawing boards. And I hope we shall see them on the roads soon — the sooner the better.

That last time I saw Maleter

by SEFTON DELMER

I MET Pal Maleter only twice. And not for more than 90 minutes each time. But here in Vienna as I gallop in the news of how he was executed in Budapest—150 miles from her across the Iron Curtain border—by Khrushchev's stooges, together with Premier Imre Nagy and another leader of Budapest's unbelievably heroic revolt, I am feeling an emotion which I have never felt over the death of any man before. However close.

I sensed the importance of the revolution, had noted the man the first time I faced Colonel Maleter in the shell-battered gate of Budapest's solid 200-year-old Killian Barracks.

I realised that here was one of those rare human beings who have in them that divine forgetfulness of self which makes them sacrifice their lives for the sake of their people and humanity as a whole.

There he stood, an unshaven-faced giant with a steel and leather crash helmet of the tankman on his head.

Triumph

Outside in the street lay the smouldering wrecks of the Russian tanks which he, with a handful of Hungarian soldiers, had fought off for a whole week until they beat a retreat, leaving their dead behind them.

As we talked—Maleter told me how at the very start of the rebellion he had fought his way in his tank right through the Russians, from one side of the river to the other to get to the Killian Barracks and establish himself there with his tanks and his guns—men and women pressed around him weeping, hugging, and kissing.

They were in tears, hysterical in their unexpected triumph, hysterical with love for the man who seemed to them, as indeed he does to me, to embody the whole of their revolt.

Gently Maleter pushed them aside. "It is not over yet" he warned. "Be on your guard."

The Russians are tricky. "They will be back—back to re-establish their tyranny. What we now need is discipline."

Promotion

I noticed a Communist star among his decorations. "Are you still wearing that?" I asked him. "Certainly, I am proud of it," he answered. "Don't imagine that we are anything but Socialists. We don't mean this movement as a capitalist revolt to establish the old order. Our rebellion is to make Hungarians free in a Hungary of their own."

Four or five days later I met him again. This time it was in the huge red plush Government offices of Budapest's neo-Gothic Parliament Building.

Premier Imre Nagy, who was pushed into the leadership of

The toh

For me, Maleter's real hero of the Hungarian revolt. Imre Nagy, the last Premier, from early 1953 I saw as a rather weak man who was being driven into one unthought-out step after another by the ex-

Maleter had that nationalistic, patriotic, reactionary's sense of history. I knew that even if he failed (would he be building up a Hun out of which Hungary might be born again and then it the freedom of the 16 of now Soviet-controlled Eastern Europe, Khrushchev has been forced to announce his execution. It may well be that this execution, as it is likely to be believed here in Hungary, took place weeks, perhaps months, before.

The fact that being announced now is a sign that Khrushchev is once under pressure from the forces called forth and by Maleter and the men with him in Hungary.

Punishment

Khrushchev has announced these executions as the intention of stopping further movements against him in Poland and also order to punish Marshal Tito for his renewed insurgentism against the overlordship of Kremlin.

I believe it for the Western world Khrushchev's brusque account of these Budapest events has an even more significant message than "I don't give a fig for your effete humanitarian qualms."

It must be read Khrushchev's stooge has attempted coup in the East, Khrushchev's abrupt 10 of his ambassadors for conference in Moscow, and attack on Tito.

We are in for an ugly phase of Khrushchev's nerve war. He aims to divert our attention from Middle East with a new prison Tito.

For Poland Khrushchev's communique in that the Russian hang and his gallows are applying. More than one report reached me in the last few weeks of a new Moscow to humiliate Poland's chief nationalist Premier Gomulka.

And who knows the communique about Khrushchev himself is pressure. It is indeed that his marshals have Tito to toe the line and down the hatchets once among the satellites on Russians.

It is not only that the execution of Nagy and Nagy may mean that Khrushchev himself will shortly be in trouble.

None of makes the deaths of these men any the less moving.



"My dear old blood-stained imperialist, in the shooting season I like to stand behind the guns..."

JACOBY ON BRIDGE

East Should Have
Stood In Bid

By OSWALD JACOBY

EAST played the four of spades on his partner's king and West continued with the ace. When East dropped the queen on that lead West led a third spade.

Declarer ruffed high in dummy and drew trumps. He conceded a trick to the ace of diamonds and claimed his contract.

East pointed out in no uncertain terms that West could have beaten the hand if he had shifted to a club instead of continuing with spades. East explained that if he had wanted to force dummy to ruff high he could have dropped the queen of spades on the first lead, etc.

There is something to East's contention. A club shift would have beaten the contract, but

NORTH		20
♠ J2		
♥ AKQ8		
♦ KQJ3		
♣ A94		
WEST (D)		EAST
♠ AK8853		♥ 732
♥ 4		♦ A542
♦ 97		♣ Q753
♣ KJ82		
SOUTH		
♠ 1097		
♥ 10885		
♦ 108		
♣ 10		
East and West vulnerable		
West North East South		
1 ♠ Double Pass 2 ♠		
2 ♠ 4 ♠ Pass Pass		
Opening lead—♠ K		

there is something much more important to discuss about the hand.

Where was East when the bidding was going on? West could throw four spades against the will and he had bid twice with his 11 high card points and good distribution.

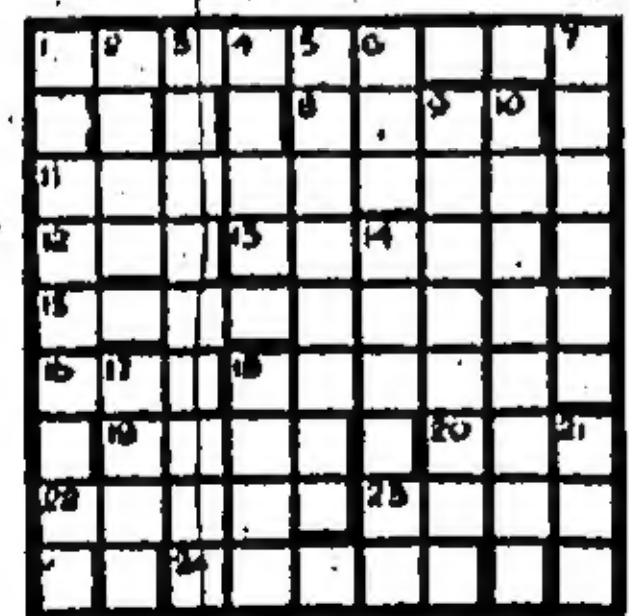
East could surely have afforded a one no-trump bid right over the double. In that case South would have been shut out and West might have brought the hand in two tricks.

Since East overlooked that no-trump bid I think he could have taken a chance and gone to four spades over North's four hearts. East was vulnerable, but so was his partner who had made two bids all by himself.

Q—The bidding has been:
East South West North
1 ♠ Pass Pass 4 ♠
2 ♠ 4 ♠ Pass 5 ♠
Pass 5 ♠
Pass 5 ♠
You, South, hold:
♠ A32 ♥ KQ85 ♦ QJ32 ♣ A14
What do you do?
A—Bid six clubs. You have limited your hand twice already and there still may be a grand slam. Your partner already knows that hearts is the right suit for the final contract.

TODAY'S QUESTION
The bidding has been:
East South West North
1 ♠ 7
You, South, hold:
♠ A3 ♥ A1085 ♦ A187 ♣ K54
What do you do?
Answer Tomorrow

CROSSWORD



- Across
1. Animal shakers. (9)
2. Proud. (6)
3. First bird in quarry? (9)
4. Weight. (8) 10. Mistletoe. (6)
5. Time expressed. (4, 5)
6. Angler. (6)
7. Big girl's name. (4)
8. German river. (9)
9. One's name. (8)
10. Girl's name. (8)
11. Before the great goes on. (4, 5)
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WOMEN TRUCK DRIVERS WANTED

Mrs. Glenn Adams feels that it is a woman behind the wheel, America needs more women truck drivers.

She ought to know. For the past 17 years, she has been a truck driver. She says she's loved every minute of the time spent behind the wheel.

"I can't understand why more women don't take up truck driving," she said. "This country needs them because women are better drivers."

Although her real name is Ida May, Mrs. Adams said, "I've been called Ida for so long I've almost forgotten my real name."

Ida is half of a family team of truckers. With her husband, she owns a fleet of 14 trucks in Herlin.

Ida wears spike-heeled cowboy boots and a 10-gallon hat from Texas. The cowboy garb is her uniform on the road.

Her truck carries a special sign. On the back of the van is a placard reading, "Caution, woman driver."

Ida says passing motorists almost break their necks to look. "I love the expressions on their faces when they discover

Mrs. Adams drives only within a 50-mile radius of Herlin. But she figures that she has driven at least 50,000 miles during her trucking years.

Even on vacations, the Adams family sticks to business. Last winter the couple toiled down to Mexico and added 10,000 miles to the speedometer. On the jump through Arizona and Mexico, the couple picked up enough Mexican pesos to start another venture, selling the pint-sized donkeys.

The Adamses also operate an asphalt and oil company, and are contemplating starting a rock quarry.

GOOD SAMARITAN

Mrs. Mildred Davis and her husband were en route to Nashville, Tenn., when their automobile caught fire and was destroyed. While looking at the damage, Mrs. Davis said a man, driving a car with Ohio license plates, stopped and, without giving his name, handed them a \$20 bill. Mrs. Davis said the stranger said he hoped it "would help."

YOUR BIRTHDAY ... By STELLA

TUESDAY, JULY 1

BORN today, you have been endowed by the stars with many very talents, making it easy for you to find a career. You are literary, artistic, scientific and are fond of inventive mechanics. You can turn your hand to almost anything and become competent. Whether or not you reach exceptional efficiency in any one area is entirely up to you. Concentration is the key. Use it to unlock the door of material success and that is what you want most out of life.

You have a great deal of personal magnetism, are highly adaptable socially and enjoy being in the company of others with similar interests. You are quitegregious by nature and are not the type to like living alone. An early marriage probably will bring you the most contentment and happiness. Plan to live with your own family group until you select your own mate. You need

WEDNESDAY, JULY 2
CANTER (June 22-July 23).—Intuition may prove a little clouded, so let good judgment help you make important decisions.

LEO (July 24-Aug. 23).—The helpful approach is called for today. Smooth any ruffled feathers. You can if you try.

VIRGO (Aug. 24-Sept. 23).—Be alert on the job and smooth out minor difficulties. Make holiday plans for the long week-end coming up.

LIBRA (Sept. 24-Oct. 23).—Keep a level head on your shoulders and you can handle any type of uncertainty. Just avoid confusion.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 23-Dec. 22).—An understanding of confusion that brings to the front a situation that needs diplomatic handling.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 23-Jan. 20).—Hold to normal routine today. No wave of false promises. Stick to the basic facts and investigate.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21-Feb. 19).—Pay close attention to some important matter this afternoon. Unravel the problem. Anticipate a good evening.

PISCES (Feb. 20-Mar. 20).—The stars are satisfactory. If you have any difficulty, look to your own actions and be positive you are right.

ARIES (Mar. 21-Apr. 20).—If you have shopping to be done for

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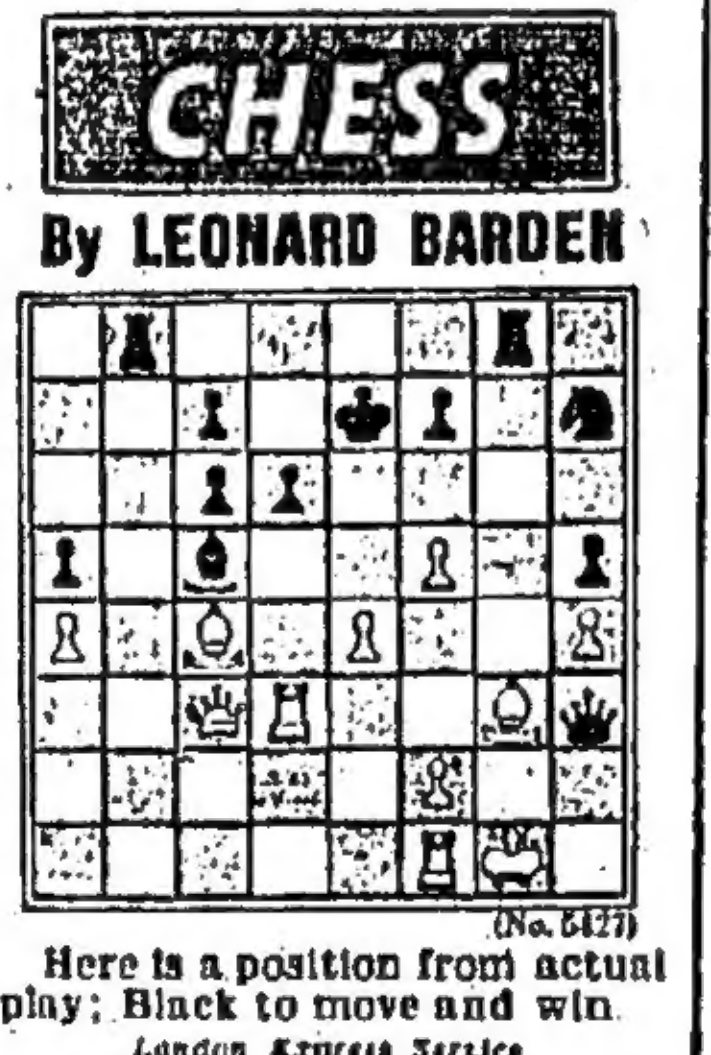
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Here is a position from actual play: Black to move and win. London Express Service

WOMANSENSE

I DINE WITH ONE OF LONDON'S YOUNG HOSTESSES

BE PREPARED... AND SAVE TIME FOR TALK

TALL, graceful Sonia Melchett, wife of the third Baron, looks much too young to be the mother of a 10-year-old boy, Peter, already away at school, and a seven-year-old daughter, Kerens, still at home.

She runs a lovely house in Chelsea—one of those houses which from the outside give not the slightest inkling of the charm of the interior, so graciously furnished. That is Lady Melchett's gift.

I asked her about her parties, or which I had heard such glowing reports.

"I prefer small informal dinner parties of six or eight, when we use the small dining-room."

DISLIKES POMP

"I like to concentrate on people rather than the food. We dislike pompous formal parties in our home. We encourage conversation at table, with old 'fades' meeting new, and I prepare almost everything beforehand so as not to disturb the flow of conversation."

Lady Melchett went on: "For my parties I do most of the cooking. When we are alone Florence, my cook—I am so lucky to have her!—does all the cooking. We discuss the dishes to be served, of course."

"Often, after dinner, ten or more other friends turn up for drinks. We have these in the drawing-room." (A large L-shaped room.)

"Behind this refrigerator so that there is no need to go all the way downstairs for beer. Sometimes I have forty-five people."

The fitted carpet in this room was a beautiful soft grey, and the centre square could be lifted to clear the floor for dancing.

"I serve only three courses," Lady Melchett told me. "The first and third are cold and the main one hot. This is generally prepared in the early afternoon, except for the finishing touches Florence gives it at the last minute. This helps if anyone should turn up late, as so often happens."

"We never have sweets, because so many people are allergic. Instead, we have cheese for the third course—several



Lady Melchett prepares drinks with tea from the drawing-room refrigerator.

"Sometimes, we have garlic bread, too—but never if other friends are going to join us later on. That would ruin their evening!"

"What about meat 'starters'?" I asked.

"Tonight we are having Creme Vichyssoise (cold potato soup) and sometimes I have cold consommé—and I buy it canned."

"We like halved avocado pears, filled with shrimps in mayonnaise, and I have a very good egg mousse coated with consommé, chilled and topped with Danish caviare. It's lovely, but quite a lot of work sieving the hard-boiled eggs."

The Average Person Knows Little About Disease

EVERY now and then some readers apparently don't like the way I write some of my columns. They complain that I should not discuss specific symptoms of various diseases.

They argue: "You don't want readers diagnosing their own illnesses, do you?"

Danger Signals

Of course I don't and I have said so repeatedly. But I do want to drum these various danger signals into your mind until you recognize them as distinct warnings to see your doctor.

It is astonishing how little the average person knows about his own body.

Recently an extensive survey was made among 274 medical out-patients at New York Hospital about stomach ulcers, leukaemia and coronary diseases. Only half of them gave the right answers to these questions.

This study, I think, confirms the belief of most doctors that the public does not know enough about disease and—even more

important—about early symptoms of disease.

Since symptoms are what send you to the doctor the more you learn about them the better off you will be. So I'll just continue to write about them, if you don't mind or even if you do.

—H. N. BUNDESEN, M.D.

Household Hints

Wax metal wastebaskets to keep them from rusting on the inside. The wax also keeps dust from clinging.

When glue thickens in a bottle, moisten it with vinegar instead of water. Vinegar also dissolves glue spots.

Dust pans with cocoa instead of flour when baking a chocolate cake, and the cake will be free of white spots.

Learn Typing

THE three "R's" may get a "T" added, if a University of North Dakota professor's summer teaching experiment proves a success.

Dr. John L. Rowe, chairman of the University's Business Education Department, believes that typing instruction should begin in junior school, not high, just as some educators say that instruction in foreign languages should begin at the junior, even the kindergarten, level.

To find out whether he is correct, Rowe is teaching a touch-typing course of one hour daily to 38 volunteer third and fourth graders (14 boys, 14 girls) in an eight weeks' session at the university. He hopes by the end of the classes, most of his pupils will be able to do 50 words a minute.

"Actually there are only 50 minutes of instruction," said the General Professor, in an interview. "We give them a 10-minute milk break."

Rowe said he chose the third and fourth grade groups because "at that age, they're an unhabilitated fast-learning set. When parents heard about the experiment, we could have enrolled a thousand."

Rowe, a typing instructor in secondary schools and colleges for 25 years and co-author of several typing textbooks, outlined his reasons for the experiment during a recent visit to Manhattan.

"I think the child who goes through school knowing how to type learns faster, picks up grammar, spelling and punctuation easier, finds homework less work, improves his muscular coordination... well, I could go on."

"I also think the adding machine might well speed up a child's grasp of arithmetic," he mused. "But I haven't gone into that."

Rowe, President of the National Association of Business Teacher Education, began his experiment last week. By long distance today, he reported that at the end of the first class, more than half the 38 children could touch-type, without effort, a whole sentence. They were picking up the mechanics faster than most high school classes he's taught.

His pupils are using electric typewriters. Rowe said when he found that an electric portable was available, he came to the manufacturer asking to borrow some of their machines. They gave the university a research grant instead.

"The electric portable is the thing for that age group," he said, "because small children haven't the muscles to handle the manual typewriter."

Rowe said the average long-hand writing rate of third and fourth graders is about 10 words a minute. If the children get the 30 words a minute typing speed he's hoping for, they'll be able to turn out three times as much of the written word.

"I can hear the critics now, asking what am I trying to do? Get away from handwriting? Not at all. Certainly, each penmanship. But why train a child to perfect his handwriting, and then load him with homework so that he has to scrawl his way through it. With all today's written work, handwriting is just not fast enough."

—GAY PAULEY

Good Cover-Up



THE CHEMISE overblouse makes a perfect topping for Jamaica-length shorts and serves as a fine cover-up for a semi-bra top.

BOYS' AND GIRLS' MAGAZINE

Magic Merry-Go-Round

—It Seemed To Be Made Of Jewels And Lights—

By MAX TRELL

FROM the park at the far end of the street came the faint sound of music. Knarf and Haidi, the Shadows with the Turned-About Names, stood by the window listening.

"It's the merry-go-round in the park," Knarf said. "They fixed it again!"

Workmen Repaired It
All through the winter months, the merry-go-round had been silent while workmen repaired something wrong with it.

Louder came the sound of the music. Standing by the window, Knarf and Haidi could fancy they heard the merry-go-round humming. They thought they could hear the voices of laughing children.

"I wish we could go," Haidi said to Knarf.

At that moment, there were footsteps from behind the bookcase and out walked Mr. Merlin, the Magnificent Magician. He was dressed in a blue pleated suit. He had a daisy in his buttonhole and a straw hat on his head.

Rupert and the Jackdaw—25



"The jackdaw's certainly alive," says Bill. "It must need warming up. Let's take it home." "It's a long, slow journey back through all that deep snow," Rupert murmurs. "Can't we do something for it?" He glances into the bird's beak. The heart. "Yes. This will work."

the park where the sound of the merry-go-round music grew clearer and louder.

Wrong Way

They reached the park. "It's along this path," said Knarf to Mr. Merlin. "You're going the wrong way!"

"Yes," said Haidi to Mr. Merlin. "The merry-go-round is over here, not over there."

"Just come with me, my dears," said Mr. Merlin. "I know where it is."

So, despite the fact that Knarf and Haidi were quite sure that Mr. Merlin was walking the wrong way, they went with him down the path. And curiously enough, the merry-go-round music kept growing louder. All at once, they came to the end of the path and turned around and there it was!

What a wonderful merry-go-round it was! It seemed to be made of jewels and golden lights. There were horses and dolphins and swans and giraffes and giant parrots with seats on their backs. And all these beautiful merry-go-round animals seemed to be alive.

Knarf and Haidi joined the crowd of children riding on the merry-go-round. They rode again and again—round and round—until finally it was time to go home.



Knarf had a wonderful time on the merry-go-round.

"Thank you for taking us, Mr. Merlin, dear," said Haidi, as she kissed the Magnificent Magician. "It's been a wonderful afternoon."

"I never had so much fun in my life," said Knarf. "Thank you, Mr. Merlin."

"Don't mention it," said Mr. Merlin, as he smiled and went back to his house behind the bookcase.

But the curious thing is this. When Knarf and Haidi went back to the merry-go-round the next day, they found the merry-go-round still there, and they could find no other merry-go-round in the entire park!

BRITISH OPEN GOLF PREVIEW

Peter Thomson Is My Choice To Win The Battle Of Champions

By JOHN COTTRELL

A clash of giants is promised in this year's Open Championship, which began yesterday at Royal Lytham and St Annes. For the seventh time since the war the prize money has been increased and the result is a record entry of 362—two more than the previous best at Hoylake in 1956.

The Open, which once had prize money totalling £100, is now worth the record sum of £4,850—the first three places being valued at £1,000, £650, and £350 respectively. The men who can battle their way to these places will have earned every penny of their prize money. For this year the field includes a tremendously strong overseas challenge and seven former holders of the title—Bobby Locke, Peter Thomson, Fred Daly, Max Faulstich, Henry Cotton, Richard Burton and Gene Sarazen.

Three of the leading American professionals are taking part—Dr. Cary Middlecott, twice winner of the American Open, Frank Stranahan, three times British Amateur champion, and Vic Cheezie, who tied for the American Open title in 1946.

Other Challengers
Other strong challengers in the Open include Norman Von Nida of Australia, Harold Henning of South Africa, Dave Thomas of Wales, and the members of Britain's victorious Ryder Cup team—Bryce, Brown, Ellis, Allis, Beauregard, Hunt, O'Connor and Bradshaw.

Thomson Shatters Course Record

Lytham, June 30.
Peter Thomson, of Australia, three times winner of the title, shattered the Royal Lytham course record with a magnificent 63 today in the first qualifying round of the British Open Golf Championship.

Thomson had eleven birdies and nine single putts, he slashed four strokes off the course record set up by Fred Daly of Ireland, in 1952. The Australian's score was also a record for a qualifying round in the British Open.

The record field of nearly 350 players, divided between the courses of Royal Lytham and the nearby Fairhaven Club, are battling for a maximum of 100 places in the Championship proper, which begins on Wednesday. They switch courses for tomorrow's second qualifying round.

Qualifying scores do not count in the Championship proper.

Bobby Locke, South African holder of the title, returned a 73 at Royal Lytham, despite a bad bout of hay fever.—Reuter.

Australian High-Jumper To Visit Russia

Brisbane, June 30.
Australian Olympic silver medalist, Chula Porter, may clash with the world's finest high jumpers in Moscow after the Empire Games.

Porter is hoping to beat world record holder Charles Dumas (USA), the two Russian stars Yuri Stepanov and Igor Kasharov. Dumas and other American athletes will be visiting Russia in August.

Most of the Australian athletes for the Empire Games including Porter and the second Queenslanders, Morris Rich, will spend a fortnight or more in Europe after the Games in Cardiff.

Porter intends to open negotiations to meet Dumas and the Russians immediately he arrives overseas.

There is little doubt that he would be eagerly sought to compete in Russia. Dumas holds the world record of seven ft. 9 in. Kasharov and Stepanov in building blocks now behind, have bettered seven feet.

There are seventeen Americans entered, 45 other overseas players, and 56 amateurs including the British champion, J.B. Carr.

Picking the winner of the Open is a hazardous business at the best of times. This year it is more difficult than ever.

But my choice to win the battle of Champions must be Peter Thomson, who, at 26, has this incredible record in the Open: a hat-trick of victories, three times runner-up, and one fifth place—all achieved since 1951.

Excellent Chance

Thomson, who failed to win the Australian Open at the end of last year, was going through a bad patch until recently. But now he has come out of the rough and, provided his No. 1 swing, hay-fever, does not launch an untimely attack, I believe he has an excellent chance of winning his fourth Open.

Thomson has quickly struck winning form in Britain and has so impressed the bookies that they have made him 2-1 Open favourite.

Wisely, the bookies give second place to the pulsating Bobby Locke. For who can be sure that the 40-year-old South African will not win the Open for the fifth time and join the select company of Messrs Tom Morris, J.H. Taylor, James Braid and Harry Vardon?

Last year Thomson was the favourite and Locke beat him into second place by three strokes. And much the same thing happened in 1952 when the Open was last played at St Annes.

Thomson, whose scorecard included an unhappy 77, finished with 288, one stroke behind the victorious old Master.

Current form does not favour Locke. But when a golfing giant of his calibre puts his mind to winning the Open, current form does not mean a great deal.

Rest Of Field

Of the rest of the field I would name Harold Henning of South Africa, Britain's Bernard Hunt and Scotland's Eric Brown as men likely to be well in the running for honours. All have been returning excellent figures on British courses this season.

And Henning, one of the greatest putters in the world, has won nearly £1,000 in four tournaments.

The American challenge has been greatly weakened by the withdrawal of Ken Venturi, who, at 26, is being tipped as a future world beater. But with Cary Middlecott in the party, an American success cannot be discounted.

Giant Welshman Dave Thomas, has also been called a budding world champion, and he took fifth place in last year's Open. But he has had a rather disappointing season so far and at present lacks the consistency I believe, to improve on his 1957 position.

The Open Championship has been held only twice before at Royal Lytham and St Annes. On both occasions it produced a thrilling finish.

A Private Duel

In 1926, the Open developed into a private duel between two Americans who were, by chance, partnered together—Bobby Jones and Al Watrous.

Five holes to play and Jones was two strokes behind; two holes to play and they were neck-and-neck in the lead. Then Jones pulled his shot into the sandy rough while Watrous played firmly to the green.

The result seemed clear. But the great Jones was not finished. A brilliant shot over the sandhills took him near the centre of the green; one putt and he was down. Watrous took three putts and Jones went on to win by two strokes.

In 1952, Fred Daly, the 1947 Open Champion, was in the lead with 218 after three rounds. Then came Locke with 214 and Thomson with 218.

But poor Daly took a 76 for the fourth round, while Thomson finished with a splendid 70 to Locke's 73, taking second place only one stroke behind the victor.

This year everything points to another thrilling race for the golf title at St Annes, and most probably another, nothing like the performance of Peter W. Thomson, the handsome young maestro from Melbourne.



Peter Thomson is shown here being congratulated by his wife after receiving the British Open Championship trophy in 1956.—Reuterphoto.

Second Test Reflections NEW ZEALAND NEEDS MORE TESTS—NOT FEWER

By PETER DITTON

The ruthless almost contemptuous manner in which England are running away with the Test series against New Zealand is being highlighted with much criticism.

It is the old old story of England being on a hiding to nothing and selectors—to say nothing of newspaper editors—are being inundated with well-intended advice from armchair critics on how best public interest can be maintained in the remaining three games of the series.

Frankly, as I see it most of the criticism is either purposeless or merely patronising to New Zealand.

There cannot be any doubt that the team led by John Reid have been completely out of their depth in the Tests. They have been outclassed and overwhelmed and there is little hope of an improvement in their record in the Tests that lay ahead.

But to suggest, as has been done, that the tag Test matches should be removed from the series or that England should play their "Second Eleven" would be a humiliation to the New Zealanders which cannot be countenanced for a single moment.

Maybe Gubby Allen and his co-selectors with an eye on England's tour of Australia in the winter will introduce one or two new faces but the team is expected to remain substantially the same. And it is not likely that while New Zealand is in the first two Tests, and rightly so.

More Even Balance

What so many folk overlook in their desire to see a more even balance between the two sides in the Tests is that John Reid and his men are still pioneering in the cricket sense. And pioneering in almost every walk of life involves risks and courage if the many hazards are to be surmounted and worthwhile experience gained.

From a financial point of view alone the tour of the present New Zealand team committed the sponsors to an outlay of thirty thousand pounds. Their only hope of recouping themselves is by a financially successful Test series. Returns from the county games are as likely as not to incur a loss for it is a regrettable truth that the public are no longer interested in this brand of cricket.

Even the great Surrey team which has won the County Championship for six seasons running and are almost unanimously acclaimed one of the greatest county sides of all time are not paying their way through the amateur. Only a healthy membership enables them to balance the budget. And it can be accepted as a certainty that if the tag "Test" were dropped from all games except those with Australia, South Africa and the West Indies the financial situation here would be equally disastrous.

This is the justification for the MCC continuing to give New Zealand a Test, rating heavily though the dice is loaded against the tourists in the present series.

We must look to the future and hope the financial rewards accruing to New Zealand from the tour will have worthwhile repercussions in Auckland and elsewhere by raising and developing the cricket standards on the home front.

That must be the paramount objective and surely it is not an ideal beyond New Zealand's grasp. After all many world famed players have worn the Kiwi blazer with distinction. It is well within the bounds of possibility that worthy successors to Dempster, Dacre, Donnelly, Sutcliffe, Reid and others will be found.

Induced, even out of the wreckage of the present Test series, something at least has been salvaged. High on the credit side must be placed the quality of the New Zealand attack and especially the team bowling of Hayes, Blair and McGibbon supported as it has been by first rate wicket-keeping by Fette, both at Edgbaston and at Lord's. These chaps did their job with such efficiency that it is no exaggeration to say New Zealand would have been in these games with a real chance but for pathetically weak batting.

To run through the powerful England side for 269 on a perfect batting pitch was a performance—one which I very much doubt if any other combination of bowlers could have bettered. But to see their best endeavours undermined by batting which except in the case of D'Arcy achieved only club standard must have been a cruel dispirit.

However charitable one might wish to be there was no sound reason for the side collapsing twice for totals of 47 and 74. It is true New Zealand had less perfect conditions than England on which to bat, but the ball never turned really viciously and most of the batsmen got themselves out by the wrong psychological approach.

It was sad to see players like Harford, Playle and Miller bunched over their stumps afraid so it seemed to trust themselves to make strokes. Reid on the other hand twice

County Cricket

SURREY OUTPLAYED BY HAMPSHIRE BOTH IN BOWLING AND BATTING

London, June 30.

Hampshire deserve their exalted place at the top of the English county cricket championship table—that was emphasised today at Guildford, where they outplayed Surrey, the Champions, first in bowling and then batting.

With Derek Shackleton taking seven wickets for 34 runs and Roy Marshall (40), and Jimmy Gray (47 not out) hitting sensibly, Hampshire gained first innings lead and the bonus points, finishing four runs ahead with eight first innings wickets to fall.

Shackleton, fast-medium right-hand bowler, gained no help from the soft pitch but he swung the ball perceptibly in the murky atmosphere.

Bowlers were also on top at Kettering, where 10 wickets fell in the match between Northamptonshire and Sussex.

Medium-paced Sussex bowler Ted James took seven for 54 to help dismiss Northants for 167.

75 of which were scored by Peter Arnold.

Sussex were 112 for nine at the close.

Best Performance

Brian Lobb, the Somerset fast-medium bowler, returned to form with a vengeance at Lords today after resting from three championship matches, and he achieved his best performance in first-class cricket by taking seven wickets for 43 runs in a Middlesex total of 162.

Lively accurate and able to make the ball move disconcertingly off damp turf, Lobb troubled all the batsmen except the stylish Jack Robertson, who defied the varied Somerset attack for two hours 20 minutes while scoring 63 out of 110 for five.

Somerset batsmen showed greater enterprise and were only 60 runs behind with nine wickets standing at the close. James Lomas hit eight fours and was undefeated with 51.

The Scores

Close of play scores were: At Lords: Middlesex 152, (J. Robertson 63, B. Lobb seven for 43), Somerset 60 for one, (J. Lomas 51 not out). Rain ended play.

At Guildford: Surrey 100, (L. Shackleton seven for 34), Hampshire 110 for two, (R. Marshall 40, J. Gray 47 not out).

At Worcester: Worcestershire 243 and 180 for four (M. Horton 52, L. Outshoorn 57 not out). Cambridge University 58.

At Colchester: Nottinghamshire 138 (C. Poole 67) Essex 108 for six (G. Barker 40).

At Kettering: Northamptonshire 107 (P. Arnold 75, A. James seven for 54), Sussex 112 for nine.

At Swansea: Glamorgan 199 and 182 for six (B. Hedges 61, J. Presdee 43), Derbyshire 237.—Reuter.

Press Reports Refuted

London, June 30.

At the end of the second day's play between Yorkshire and New Zealand at Sheffield when Yorkshire had declared their innings at 238 for eight New Zealand captain, John Reid made the following statement to the press in reply to various reports concerning some of the tourists.

Reid pointed out that it was claimed in these reports that MacGibbon had been offered a professional post in the Lancashire League, that the captain himself had also been offered an appointment in League cricket in England, that Darcy had been offered a post with the Essex club and finally that Hayes was retiring from cricket at the end of the tour.

Reid pointed out that it was claimed in these reports that MacGibbon had been offered a professional post in the Lancashire League, that the captain himself had also been offered an appointment in League cricket in England, that Darcy had been offered a post with the Essex club and finally that Hayes was retiring from cricket at the end of the tour.

The New Zealand captain said that MacGibbon was a professional engineer and at the conclusion of the tour, he is taking a post-graduate course at an English University.

Reid added that Darcy was an accountant and not interested in professional cricket.

He denied that Hayes was retiring and said he intended to carry on cricket in New Zealand.

As for himself, the Tourist captain said he had an appointment in the oil industry and was no longer interested in League cricket in England.

France-Press.

Again Something New From Karol



After gold pants, America's Karol Fageros wears another creation to startle the tennis world—a new Teddy Tinting dress which she wore at the international tennis gathering at Hurlingham Club, London, on the eve of Wimbledon.

The Satin Terylene one-piece dress has loose, pleated back. A cummerbund is embroidered with tennis players in gold.

WORLD OF SPORT

JOHN CHARLES MAY SPURN A LIRE FORTUNE TO RETURN TO ENGLISH SOCCER

By JOHN DEREK

John Charles, leading scorer in Italian football and one of the world's most highly priced players, may spurn a lire fortune to return to British football in a year's time, when his contract with Juventus expires.

Says Big John: "I feel very unsettled. I can't make up my mind. Being in Italy is not the same as being in English football."

What has clearly unsettled him is mixing once again with his Welsh colleagues. He played centre-forward for Wales in the World Cup in Sweden.

Played For Nothing

Dave Bowen, the Welsh left-half, reports that Charles would keep his Welsh team-mates up until after midnight gossiping. "When we suggested it's time for sleep, he would say, 'let's keep on talking. It's nice to hear Welsh voices.'"

Charles played for Wales for nothing; he did not even receive the players' £50 match fee. The reason was that the £10,000 he received for signing for Juventus would also be liable to tax if he earned money from British sources.

Is Willing

Charles says that the transfer fee on returning to England would be the same as that received by his old club, Leeds United—£55,000. I know that

Manchester United, whose assistant manager, Jimmy Murphy, is in charge of the Welsh team, is willing to pay it.

Under Italian rules, Charles is entitled to 12 per cent of the transfer fee—£6,600. But if he were to move to another Italian club, the fee would be much greater—I have heard £100,000 mentioned.

Sports Diary

TODAY

Bowls
Ladies' Triples: Matches at KBGC, KCCU.
Open Pairs: Matches at KCCU.

TOMORROW

Bowls
CFA Annual Meeting, Golden Dragon Restaurant, 7 pm.
Med's Open Pairs: Matches at CCC, HKCC, KBGC.

Football
Met's "C" Division: CCC (2) v KRCFA, CFC (2) v KRCFA, KRCFA (1) v KRCFA, KRCFA (1) v KRCFA, KRCFA (1) v KRCFA.

United—£55,000. I know that

THE GAMBOLS

By BOBBY APPLEBY



HOT WATER

In an instant



WITH GAS

Week-End Lawn Bowls

NEVER HAD CCC SUFFERED SUCH CRUSHING DEFEATS AS ON SATURDAY

By ROBERT TAY

Craigengower Cricket Club, last year's first division and second division lawn bowls League champions will long remember Saturday, June 28, for never perhaps in the lawn bowls history of the Club, had its bowlers suffered such crushing defeats as they did on that day.

In one afternoon they suffered three 5-0 thrashings, two of them on their own green and at the end of a black Saturday had to thank their Senior Ladies' "B" team for preventing them from being completely blanked out in their four scheduled week-end matches.

The champion Craigengower "A" twelve started the rot by losing to the Indian Recreation Club at Soerendree by the maximum score. Craigengower "B" suffered the same fate, at the hands of Kowloon Dock Club, and the Valley Club third division side bowed out in neighbouring PRC by the same score.

It must, however, be said that the Valley Club bowlers were extremely unlucky in not being able to salvage a point or two from their match against IRC. Although it was played on a very tricky green, the game between the two traditional Valley rivals fully lived up to its reputation of being the clash of the week.

Remarkable Feature

A remarkable feature of the match was that it was a close-run thing, the three sides that up to the last three heads the final score was anyone's guess.

At the tea-interval after the 12th head there was very little to choose between them. The Indians had a slight edge on two ends and Craigengower on one.

The Indian four of M. J. Razack, M. B. Hassan, K. M. Raminah and U. A. Raminah were then leading F. Lee, C. K. Seng, G. Souza and J. E. Cones by 13-9. A. R. Kitchell, B. M. Omar, A. R. Rahman and A. M. Omar were at the head-end of a 10-14 score against P. Raul, W. C. Oley, E. G. Barros and G. Hong Choy, and J. M. A. Raminah, K. M. Omar, J. Hosen and A. K. Minu after being 5-10 down against W. C. Young, P. K. Lau, C. C. Ma and S. L. Leonard recovered with a four on the 12th head to trail behind by only one shot at 9-10.

On the whole the Indians were then up by five shots.

Some dramatic fluctuations took place after tea.

Impressive Start

The three Craigengower fours made an impressive beginning in the afternoon session by chalking up a four, a three and a single and on the very first head after tea took a three-shot lead on the aggregate.

All the three Valley Club rinks put up some fine bowls at this stage. After twelve heads altogether had been played after tea. The Indians' deficit in the aggregate had increased to seven shots. George Hong Choy's four were now leading A. M. Omar's four by 20-17. Stanley Leonard's four were level with A. K. Minu's four at 14-14 and Cones and his men enjoyed a good 18-14 lead over U. A. Raminah after having trailed behind on 14 heads.

With a total number of only nine heads to go, Craigengower were still up on the aggregate by nine shots and leading on all three rinks.

Dramatic Change

Then came the most dramatic change in form and fortune of the whole match. A. K. Minu trailed the Jack about a yard for two. U. A. Raminah followed with a two and A. M. Omar roared off a four after his No. 3 Rahman had trailed the Jack for three.

On the next head, A. K. Minu took a two, U. A. Raminah a three and A. M. Omar another three. In just a matter of six heads, the Indians scored 16 shots against their opponents' zero and from being nine down on the aggregate were now seven up.

A. K. Minu sealed the match by taking a four on the second last head and the Indians collected the maximum points mainly by their spectacular finishing on the last six heads but two of the game.

Among the winners highest praise goes to A. R. A. Rahman and D. M. Omar in A. M. Omar's rink, skip A. K. Minu and M. B. Hassan, and M. Raminah in U. A. Raminah's rink.

Splendid Game

For the losers, George Hong Choy played a splendid game throughout the whole afternoon but was unlucky to be up on that day against a particularly brilliant opposing No. 2 and No. 3 combination of B. M. Omar and A. R. A. Rahman. Skip Leonard put up another heroic fight but found A. K. Minu well at top form.

The third Craigengower skip A. E. Cones was a little off his usual form, being especially guilty of narrow backhand woods. F. Lee and C. K. Seng, after an indifferent first half form, bowled extremely well in the second half and George Souza also improved considerably in the second half.

Expected Win

The other first division games saw Kowloon Cricket Club snatch an expected 4-1 win over Talkoo Club to take over the leadership of the League table from Revere "A" who drew a bye for the week-end.

For the cricketers, the 4-1 victory did not certainly provide them full satisfaction. Well in the running for the title they could have benefited greatly had they been able to collect the point that eluded them.

To skip Bill Hong Sling, whose four went down to R. B. Marshall's four this was a double blow. In addition to losing a point for his side, he had to give way by virtue of this defeat to J. S. Landolt at the head of the first division skip table.

Valuable One

Revere "B's" 4-1 win over KBGC was a valuable one for the Portuguese team. It put them well up in the League

table and with a five-point lead over bottom-placed Craigengower "B" changes of their being relegated became more remote.

In the second division games, FC "D" continued their winning form with an overwhelming 5-0 triumph over Kowloon Dock Club who have still to record a win.

A very creditable victory in this division was that of HKCC over the powerful IRC twelve. A. D. Dubby's four took full honours in this match when their 33-15 score against S. Yusuf's four carried the HKCC side to their 3-2 win.

Most Successful

USRC emerged as the most successful team in the third division games. By taking full points from a no mean KBGC side they further consolidated their top favourite's position in this League.

Police Recreation Club, too, deserve special mention for their brilliant 5-0 win over Craigengower Cricket Club.

The PRC twelve are a formidable side when they get going and their 5-0 win over CCC was by no means an upset. Now third on the League table and having the same number of League points as CCC they are well among the top contenders for the title.

SKIPS' TABLES

FIRST DIVISION

(Qualification—Four Points)

	P.	W.	L.	D.	F.	A.	U.	D.	Pts.
J. S. Landolt (KCC)	8	0	1	1	176	130	37	—	6½
T. E. Baker (KCC)	8	0	2	0	177	143	34	—	6
A. K. Minu (IRC)	7	0	1	0	151	120	31	—	6
W. Hong Sling (KCC)	8	0	2	0	174	144	30	—	5½
J. E. Noronha (Rec "A")	7	5	1	1	140	109	37	—	5½
H. B. Marshall (TC)	8	4	2	2	171	153	18	—	5
G. Hong Choy (CCC "A")	7	5	2	0	162	137	15	—	5
R. F. Lau (Rec "A")	7	4	2	1	150	121	29	—	4½
C. E. Passos (Rec "B")	8	3	3	2	157	140	8	—	4
M. Q. Wong (CCC "B")	7	4	3	0	135	131	4	—	4
U. A. Raminah (IRC)	7	3	2	2	123	142	—	10	4

SECOND DIVISION

	P.	W.	L.	D.	F.	A.	U.	D.	Pts.
F. Tan (FC "B")	9	7	2	0	226	134	92	—	7
J. Curran (FC "B")	9	7	2	0	200	147	53	—	7
L. S. Silva (FC "B")	9	6	2	1	205	149	50	—	6½
F. L. Correa (Rec)	7	6	1	0	176	119	56	—	6
A. H. Seemlin (IRC)	6	6	0	0	147	105	42	—	6
G. F. Rosario (Rec)	8	6	2	0	170	140	30	—	6
A. D. Duffy (HKCC)	9	5	4	0	164	165	29	—	5
F. D. Angus (HKFC)	9	4	3	2	184	172	12	—	5
K. A. Baker (HKCC)	7	5	2	0	145	130	9	—	5
S. Bucks (IRC)	8	5	3	0	167	162	5	—	5
J. Divecha (KCC)	6	4	1	1	152	137	35	—	4½
M. T. Nunes (FC "A")	8	4	3	1	172	137	35	—	4½
B. I. Blekford (HKFC)	7	4	3	0	142	133	9	—	4
G. Arliss (PRC)	8	4	4	0	167	160	7	—	4
R. MacKenzie (PRC)	7	4	3	0	156	152	4	—	4

THIRD DIVISION

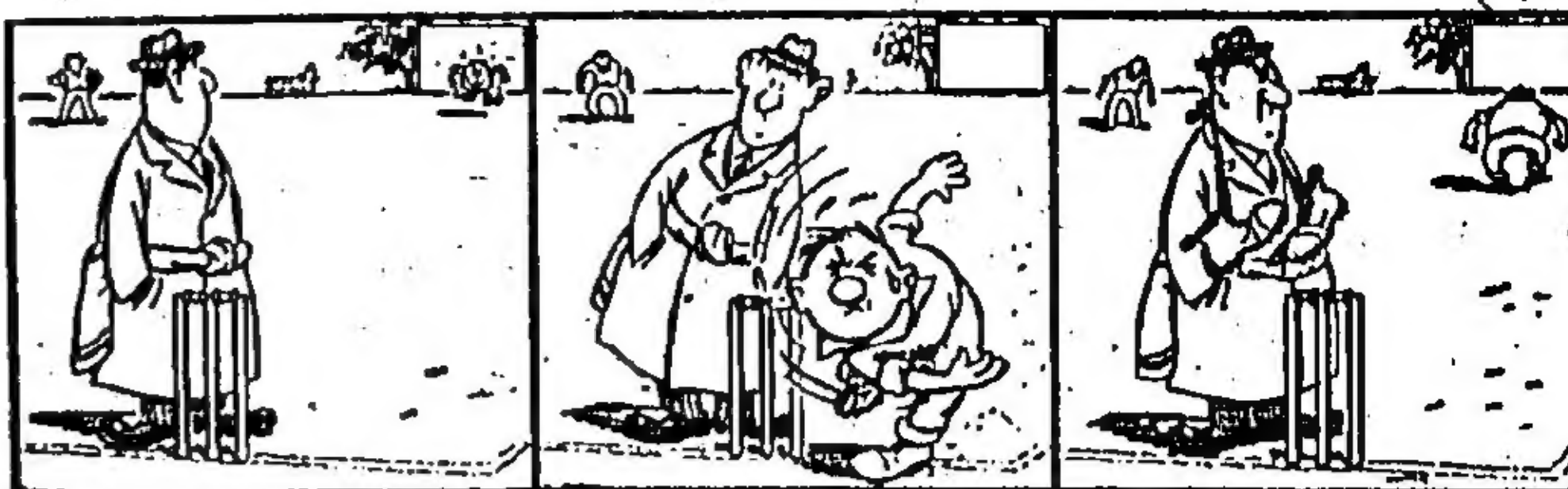
A. Steven (USRC)	7	7	0	0	158	105	53	—	7
T. Chalmers (PRC)	8	6	2	0	168	134	54	—	6
J. Fox (CCC)	8	6	2	0	180	147	33	—	6
Wong Yan (CCC)	8	6	2	0	161	132	29	—	6
E. Lonsdale (PRC)	8	5	2	1	105	137	28	—	5½
N. Hari-Baker (USRC)	7	5	2	0	144	112	32	—	5
B. H. Billmore (TC)	8	5	3	0	157	131	20	—	5
M. W. Williams (IRC)	8	5	3	0	161	140	21	—	5
V. C. Reynolds (HKFC)	7	5	2	0	154	154	—	5	
J. H. Cockburn (TC)	8	4	4	0	173	157	10	—	4
A. M. Coelho (FC)	7	4	3	0	140	133	13	—	4
R. M. Hetherington (USRC)	7	4	3	0	135	120	9	—	4
J. G. B. Dewar (TC)	8	4	4	0	163	103	—	4	

LEAGUE STANDINGS

	P.	W.	L.	D.	F.	A.	U.	D.	Pts.
First Division									
KCC	8	5	3	28½	—	—	—	—	10½
Revere "A"	7	6	1	26	—	—	—	—	10
IRC	7	5	2	23	—	—	—	—	9
CCC "A"	7	4	3	18	—	—	—	—	8
KDC	7	4	3	18	—	—	—	—	8
Revere "B"	8	3	5	15½	—	—	—	—	7
TC	8	2	6	15	—	—	—	—	6
KBGC	7	2	5	11	—	—	—	—	5
CCC "B"	7	2	5	10	—	—	—	—	5
Second Division									
FC "B"	9	9	0	38½	—	—	—	—	14
IRC	8	5	3	27	—	—	—	—	13
HKFC	9	0	9	20½	—	—	—	—	11½
HKCC	8	5	4	24	—	—	—	—	11
Revere	8	4	4	23	—	—	—	—	10
Third Division									
USRC	9	7	2	31½	—	—	—	—	13½
PRC	8	6	2	27	—	—	—	—	13
TC	8	5	3	23	—	—	—	—	12½
IRC	8	5	3	21½	—	—	—	—	12
SC	7	3	4	16	—	—	—	—	10
KBGC	7	3	4	15½	—	—	—	—	10
HKFC	8	2	6	15½	—	—	—	—	10
HERC	8	2	6	11½	—	—	—	—	10
KCC	7	0	7	7	—	—	—	—	7

SPORTING SAM

by Reg. Wootton



ENGLAND NEEDS A FOUR-YEAR SOCCER PLAN

Says BERNARD JOY

A triumvirate of three selectors, all professionals, a four-year team building plan and a spirit of adventure are the assets English football must acquire to put up a better show in the 1962 World Cup in Chile than it did in Sweden.

Instead of a selection committee of club directors, team manager Walter Winterbottom should be helped by two former professionals, men who live for the game.

Suitable men are Spurs' coach Billy Nicholson, who was the driving force in England's training sessions, and Yorkshireman George Raynor, who welded Sweden into one of the strongest sides in this year's World Cup.

Raynor, who wants to come back to England, knows European football inside out and is a shrewd tactician.

England must start now on building a team for 1962. After the defeat by Hungary in 1953 the under-23 side was launched. This unearthed many players of promise.

The next stage must be the moulding of players like Jimmy Greaves, Maurice Norman, Don Howe, Peter Brabrook, Johnny Haynes and Bobby Charlton into a world-beating combination.

The result of internationals between now and the next World Cup are not so important and England must be ruthless about discarding the over-30's such as Wright, Finney and Slater, who will not be key men in four years' time.

Sweden was England's third World Cup venture. Only in 1954 did her team get through to the quarter-finals.

Wales and Ireland, with fewer resources but with inspired leaders in Jimmy Murphy and Peter Doherty, both did better than England this time.

Unlucky

England were unlucky, desperately unlucky, against Russia in the play-off. Brabrook twice hit a post before the Russians scored. England had goals disallowed in the first meeting with Russia and against Austria, which would have put the team in the quarter final.

But fortune favours the brave. Throughout the competition England were timid, unimaginative, frightened of losing.

Right from the start she went out to stop the other fellow instead of pressing for goals. As a result the side was never once in front in four games and chances were missed because the takers were over-anxious.

England expected forwards to be spoilers rather than goal-getters. How can Haynes and Robson score goals if they have to retrieve in their own penalty area?

Inferiority Complex I know that England's inferiority complex was partly due to the loss of the magnificent

Manchester United players, Edwards, Byrne and Taylor and to a certain staleness.

But the main reason for a hesitant, timorous policy is that her international football is run by amateurs.

England can hope to be world champions only if she hands the running of the team to dedicated men with a deep knowledge of players and the game.

Sabbadini Wins Fifth Stage Of Tour De France

Cuen, June 30. France's Tiro Sabbadini, riding in the French regional "Quebec-Sud-Ouest" team, won the fifth stage of the Tour de France cycling race from Versailles to Cuen today.

Gilbert Bazzini in the French National team took the yellow sweater as overall leader.

Sabbadini covered the 232 kilometres in five hours 29 minutes 44 seconds and with a one-minute bonus for winning. He was credited with 5-28-44.

Louison Bobet, France's triple Tour winner, was second in 5-29-44 (with 30 seconds bonus for second place 5-28-14).

Britain's Brian Robinson, riding in the International Team was 12th.—France-Pressre.

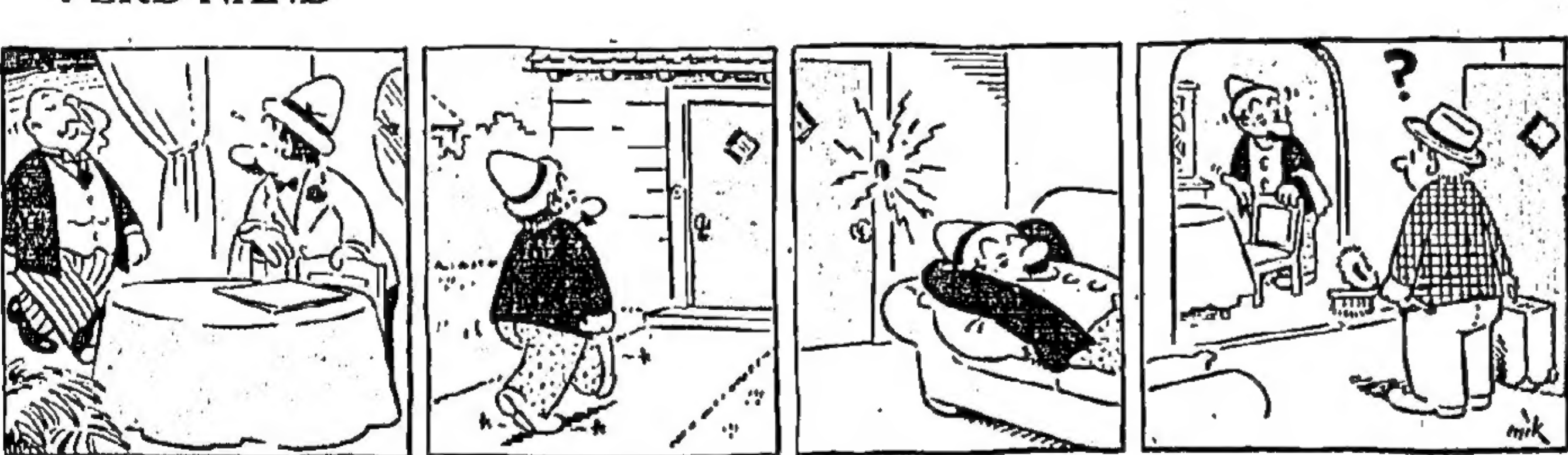
MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

By Lee Falk and Phil Davis



FERD'NAND

By Milk



NANCY

By Ernie Bushmiller



JOHNNY HAZARD

By Frank Robbins



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PHOTOGRAPHS

by our Staff Photographers

Thal National Day Reception. World Vision Movement Press Conference. Party for W. J. Gorman, Central Fire Station. Beginners Please Finals, Wah Yan College. Launching M.V. Petrel at Pacific Island Shipyard. Y.W.C.A. June Bride Fashion Show at Gloucester Hotel. Toastmasters Dinner & Presentation of Charter. Radio H.K. Dinner, Ying King Restaurant. All Local Sports. Local Presentations. Local Weddings. Etc. Etc.

Available at SOUTH CHINA MORNING POST, LTD. Wyndham Street.

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pocket of associated stamps.
From 20 cents per sheet upwards.
An entirely new series. South
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AND "POST" POTENTIAL SERIES
a new selection of twelve delightful
sketches of Chinese life in Hong
Kong. Advertisers for 1953.
Ideal presents for home, 45 per set.
From South China Morning Post Ltd.,
Wyndham Street and Salisbury
Road, Kowloon.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES
BY "TAIYUAN"
Arrived 29th June, 1953.
Damaged cargo on this vessel will
be surveyed by surveyors of Lloyd's
at Hong Kong & Kowloon
Wharf Godown at 10.00 a.m. on Wed-
nesday, 2nd July and Thursday, 3rd
July, 1953 and consignees' representa-
tives are requested to be present
during survey.

HUTTENFELD & SWINE,
Agents
Australian-Union Line Ltd.,
The China Navigation Co., Ltd.

To ADVERTISERS
SUNDAY POST-HERALD
Space for commercial
advertising should be
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noon on Wednesdays.
For the SOUTH CHINA
MORNING POST and the
CHINA MAIL, 48 hours
before date of publication.
Special Announcements
and Classified Advertis-
ments as usual.

Hong Kong Birds

Herklotz, G. A. C. 1953.
Hong Kong Birds, Pp.
vii+223, 11 x 7 1/2, 160
colour, numerous black-
and-white drawings in
text. Hong Kong: South
China Morning Post,
Ltd., HK\$35.00.

"... a most welcome
handbook for ornitholo-
gists resident or station-
ed in Hong Kong. All
the hitherto recorded
species are included
plumages are clearly and
concisely described, and
a short account is given
of field characters,
voice, habits, status,
etc. The illustrations,
except for three plates
of photographs, are all
by Cdr. A. M. Hughes,
and include four attrac-
tive plates of the heads
of 42 species and many
useful drawings in the
text. The writer of this
review would have
benefited greatly from
this book when station-
ed in Hong Kong some
years ago. Even now,
on referring to it, some
40 unfamiliar species
on which notes were
made at the time have
almost all proved easily
identifiable. — D. W. S.

(Extract from "The Bird" special
Union, British Museum.)
S. C. M. POST
HONG KONG KOWLOON

FOR
TELEVISION
TELEPHONE: 77-2021

DR JOHNSON AND SIR WALTER SCOTT

And Their Links With Longmans

AN old proverb tells us that "Ships fear fire more than water." The saying is appropriate, for when delving into the history of the name of Longman, which through the years has become familiar to schoolteachers and their students throughout the world, we discover that the House of Longman had good cause to fear fire.

The chronicles of a certain Samuel Pepys, of the City of London, portray a brilliant, horrifying, spectacle of the Great Fire of London, with its spread of destruction, then came the Paternoster Row tall-bellied fire of 1861 and in 1860 the Battle of Britain took its toll in widespread fires, with the City of London again ravaged.

With each of these conflagrations, Longmans were losers and valuable records were consumed.

Back To 1640
It ships fear fire more than water, the Phoenix endures and the Longman "Ship" flourishes. In this twentieth century, the

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

Polio Figures
Sir, I am a little puzzled by the Health Department statement that Hong Kong's polio attack rate is one-eighth that of Britain. I am not quite sure what "attack rate" means. The British rate is said to be five in 200,000 or 2.5 per 100,000. Yet the latest Hong Kong figures show that some 110 people have been stricken (possibly more by now). Working on a population of three million people, this would make the Hong Kong incidence almost four in 100,000 people. If the "attack rate" is the same as the incidence, the latest figures would suggest that Hong Kong's figures are even higher than those of Britain. Unfortunately my reference books do not show the incidence in the United Kingdom. But perhaps the Health Department could explain.

St George And The Dragon

Sir, I read with pleasure the extract from Winston Churchill's speech to the Society of St George in your 25 years ago column last week, and I thought your readers might be interested to know that Sir Winston made a similar speech to (I think) the same society in 1953. The differences were that "United Nations" was substituted throughout for "League of Nations" and in addition to St George and the Dragon being photographed after the round-table conference, they held a press conference. I might add that the cheers which greeted this particular speech (I heard over the BBC Home Service) showed that if any remembered it, the delicious simplicity of this modernized tale had lost none of its appeal in 20 years. He is incomparable.

WINSTON CHURCHILL
Another Reservoir

Sir, I read that Hong Kong is to have another big reservoir at Shek Pik in Lantau and that the engineers' report is favourable. We await with some trepidation the engineers' estimate of the cost. The hope is of course that Government can finance it without having to raise taxation, but I often wonder whether modern developments in equipment which convert salt water to fresh have not made this idea any more practicable for Hong Kong. I believe that one of the Channel Islands and Aden are to have this kind of equipment installed. Shek Pik is probably necessary but before embarking on any more schemes that require converting dry land into inland lakes and thereby increasing the density of population to the square mile of habitable land, a figure that is increasing any way with the rapid growth in our population that takes place each year, is there no possibility of seeing whether the above mentioned schemes hold out any hope of Hong Kong getting water from this source? Surely the water on the Pearl River delta side or Lantau is less salty than the sea water in other parts of the Colony and here the problem of conversion might be made somewhat easier. It does seem a shame that we have "water, water everywhere but not a drop to drink."

OLD SALT.

Longmans, Green, of London, book publishers for over 250 years, will have the distinction of being the first British firm of publishers to open a branch in Hong Kong to distribute books throughout Southeast Asia and the Far East.

The new branch establishment, which consists of office and a fully stocked godown,

has been adapted from a large, air-conditioned warehouse of the BAT Building in Rockham Road. This will be open for business as from today.

The story of how Southeast Asia's text-books have been streamlined to meet modern educational requirements is outlined in the following feature article.

Booksellers
Delivery of certain volumes "in sheets" is of special interest; a few copies would have been bound and sold in the shop to casual customers at a price considerably higher than the subscriber was asked to pay; but the capital outlay in binding the whole edition, which is today such an uncomfortably heavy item in the costing of a book, was, when Thomas Longman started in business, very small.

Mention of the word shop points to another eighteenth-century practice which only a few booksellers - publishers maintain today. Longmans are publishers and they review the past with the eyes of publishers, when surveying the activities of their ancestors.

A Venture
Thus were combined the two businesses of J. Osborn and T. Longman. In that same year, 1724, the combined publishing houses of Osborn and Longman undertook an important and expensive publishing venture... a "Proposal for publishing by Subscription Works of the Philosophical Works, Abridged, Methodised and disposed under the General Heads of Physics, History, Pneumatics, Natural History, Chemistry & Medicine," by J. Fellow of the Royal Society. It was the kind of work that might be found in Longman's catalogue today, but

This Is America
From JOHN THOMPSON

The Stamp Act is moving into Broadway. Petrol stations and supermarkets in New York area will sell customers stamps with their purchases.

These will then be redeemable for theatre tickets from July 1. Each stamp is worth 10 cents (HK\$0.05). When there are enough stamps, you can buy a Broadway ticket.

Back into the past goes a firm from Florida to find its new car model.

It will market 5,000 replays of the 1901 Oldsmobile - tiller steering, plywood coachwork, built horns and all.

This chromeless, \$1,200 (HK\$7,200) model will touch 35 miles an hour and get 65 to the gallon. To meet 1950's highway code, all interiors have given way to electric

lights, and electric starters have been added to save cranking up. Among the best customers to will sell customers stamps with their purchases.

They argue that \$5,000 (£1,785) they spent on consultation for themselves, including couch sessions, were "necessary business expenses."

Though Federal lawyers reject the claim, the psychologists say that to analyse the patients they must first have gone through the process themselves.

Wine men in California claim that taste tests prove their wines are at least the equal of those from Europe. Wine merchants and show business people tasted "blind." Results: 114 wines for home wine against 112 for the imported.

Bumping heads here with the Internal Revenue Service are two psychologists.

Zoo director in Midland, Texas, complains his animals are "all on the verge of a nervous breakdown" because of all the visitors they get. He recommends a day off a week for the animals.

Trend among the business efficiency experts—a firm of consultants that finds out for its clients just what other people think of them.

A new road safety idea appeared on the faster roads round New York last week-end. Police used three-foot speedometers fixed to the roof and geared to their normal speedometer, cruised along with the traffic. The police cars are labelled: "Check your speed—speed kills."

Chaplin and "Swamp Women". Starring Marie Windsor and Carol Mathews.

NIGHT SPOTS
AMBASSADOR: Loris Laraine, Pauline Mayo and TV star. BLUE HEAVEN: De Young and Delany, first-edition fanatics. CAVE DE CHINE: Mollie Daye, dancer.

CHAMPAGNE ROOM: Loris Laraine and his Latin American band and vocalists Mona. Fong and Thomas Chung.

GOLDEN PHOENIX: Pat Kay and Betty Anders.

STARS & METROPOLE: "Texas". Action drama. Starring William Holden, Claire Trevor and Glenn Ford.

partments of the business, he was beginning at the age of twenty-one to take the burden of responsibility of the elder man. A year or so later, Owen Rees who had been trained as a bookbinder, entered the business, bringing with him not only youthful enthusiasm and Welsh vitality but a nature that was "blatant", cheerful, candid and sincere. For forty years Rees was a partner in the firm and contributed materially to its growth.

The new complex organization with "its provincial, its Scotch, its Irish, its foreign, its American departments," was managed, at one time, by the senior and two junior members of the Longman family and by Messrs. Rees, Hurst, Orme, Brown and Green.

Horse Collapsed

Owen Rees was the first partner who was not a member of the Longman family. He made a point of moving around England and visiting Scotland. On one visit to Sir Walter Scott the latter's horse collapsed and died while the two men were riding. This was made the excuse for adding £100 to the agreed £500 which the firm paid for the copyright of "The Lady of the Lake".

Certain qualities in successive generations of a family business paid their dividend... many authors choose to stay, sometimes even to a third generation, and the firm still sails on, and there are still members of the Longman family to navigate it.

In 1884, there joined the firm, by invitation, an elementary schoolmaster called W. J. Allen. When he retired as a partner in 1932 he had completely changed the character, not of the firm, but of the balance of business it did. Taking advantage of the Education Act of 1870, Allen put Longmans in the front rank of educational publishers at home and opened up a business in school books overseas, particularly in India and Africa, which was second to none.

No New Answers

Thomas Norton Longman, having become a partner at the age of twenty-three, reigned for forty-eight years. The whole publishing world must be rich for him; he continued to dominate the "long arm" until 1842 when his practice of riding to the City every day, although he was over seventy, brought about his death by a fall from his horse. With his death ends a span of 118 years preceded over by three members of the family. There end also the periods of establishment and consolidation together with the first great period of expansion.

Those who have controlled Longman's publishing business during the greater part of this historic span have provided no new answers; they have provided the old answers over again under new conditions and with changing problems.

BY THE WAY
by Beachcomber

NOTICE in the China Mail of Hong Kong a long overdue explanation of the veridicality in a molecule of Vitamin B.

In a simple diagram, the benzimidazole and cyanide groups are represented by black dots and the carbonyl, phenyl, phoroph, propionamide and nitrogen groups by white dots. And so on. And where, cries the reader, are the gulfos groups? Ah! Consult your crystallographist.

Twenty Years of Upstart

I READ that a conductor, during a performance of "Carmen," drove things very hard with his baton, allowing the singers very little leeway... even Don Jose appeared to be hurried and harassed. A kindly conductor usually allows the singers time to breathe, but a tyrannical conductor, who wants to get the whole thing over in record time, has no sympathy with such human weaknesses.

No flies on Narkover
THE Governors of Narkover, a stern-faced then who look as though concrete wouldn't melt in their mouths, descended on Narkover yesterday without warning. But "where there is a will, there is a way," said Smart-Allice. The visit had been anticipated. On examination, the Narkover's conduct board was found to contain nothing but routine medical.

TELEVISION
6.00 p.m. Children's Film Festival. 6.30 p.m. News. 7.00 p.m. The Great Escape. 7.30 p.m. The Great Escape. 8.00 p.m. The Great Escape. 8.30 p.m. The Great Escape. 9.00 p.m. The Great Escape. 9.30 p.m. The Great Escape. 10.00 p.m. The Great Escape. 10.30 p.m. The Great Escape. 11.00 p.m. The Great Escape. 11.30 p.m. The Great Escape. 12.00 p.m. The Great Escape.

MAIL Notices

The latest times of posting shown below are those for unregistered correspondence posted at G.P.O. Hong Kong. The latest posting times elsewhere which, in general, are earlier than the G.P.O. times can be ascertained by enquiry at the local office.

The latest posting times for registered articles are generally one hour earlier than the times shown below. Particulars regarding parcel mail can be ascertained by enquiry at any post office.

HOLIDAY ARRANGEMENTS
Today, the public counters at the Victoria Harbour, Kowloon Central and Sham Shui Po Post Offices will be closed. New Territories Post Offices from 9 a.m. to 10 a.m. on Monday only. All other post offices as usual.

The box tables at the Victoria and Kowloon Central Post Offices open from 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday, and Public Holidays. The box tables at the New Territories Post Offices from 9 a.m. to 10 a.m. on Monday only. All other post offices as usual.

GENERAL HOLIDAY
TUESDAY, JULY 1
Australia, New Zealand, 1 p.m. Malaya, 1 p.m. Ceylon, India, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Burma, 1 p.m. Thailand, 1 p.m. Pakistan, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Great Britain, 1 p.m. Canada, 1 p.m. U.S.A., 6 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 2
Japan, 1 p.m. By Surface. Korea, 1 p.m. Formosa, 1 p.m. Malaya, 1 p.m. Ceylon, India, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Burma, 1 p.m. Thailand, 1 p.m. Pakistan, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Great Britain, 1 p.m. Canada, 1 p.m. U.S.A., 6 p.m.

THURSDAY, JULY 3
Japan, 1 p.m. By Surface. Korea, 1 p.m. Formosa, 1 p.m. Malaya, 1 p.m. Ceylon, India, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Burma, 1 p.m. Thailand, 1 p.m. Pakistan, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Great Britain, 1 p.m. Canada, 1 p.m. U.S.A., 6 p.m.

FRIDAY, JULY 4
Japan, 1 p.m. By Surface. Korea, 1 p.m. Formosa, 1 p.m. Malaya, 1 p.m. Ceylon, India, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Burma, 1 p.m. Thailand, 1 p.m. Pakistan, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Great Britain, 1 p.m. Canada, 1 p.m. U.S.A., 6 p.m.

SATURDAY, JULY 5
Japan, 1 p.m. By Surface. Korea, 1 p.m. Formosa, 1 p.m. Malaya, 1 p.m. Ceylon, India, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Burma, 1 p.m. Thailand, 1 p.m. Pakistan, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Great Britain, 1 p.m. Canada, 1 p.m. U.S.A., 6 p.m.

SUNDAY, JULY 6
Japan, 1 p.m. By Surface. Korea, 1 p.m. Formosa, 1 p.m. Malaya, 1 p.m. Ceylon, India, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Burma, 1 p.m. Thailand, 1 p.m. Pakistan, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Great Britain, 1 p.m. Canada, 1 p.m. U.S.A., 6 p.m.

PUBLIC HOLIDAY
Japan, 1 p.m. By Surface. Korea, 1 p.m. Formosa, 1 p.m. Malaya, 1 p.m. Ceylon, India, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Burma, 1 p.m. Thailand, 1 p.m. Pakistan, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Great Britain, 1 p.m. Canada, 1 p.m. U.S.A., 6 p.m.

MONDAY, JULY 7
Japan, 1 p.m. By Surface. Korea, 1 p.m. Formosa, 1 p.m. Malaya, 1 p.m. Ceylon, India, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Burma, 1 p.m. Thailand, 1 p.m. Pakistan, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Great Britain, 1 p.m. Canada, 1 p.m. U.S.A., 6 p.m.

TUESDAY, JULY 8
Japan, 1 p.m. By Surface. Korea, 1 p.m. Formosa, 1 p.m. Malaya, 1 p.m. Ceylon, India, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Burma, 1 p.m. Thailand, 1 p.m. Pakistan, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Great Britain, 1 p.m. Canada, 1 p.m. U.S.A., 6 p.m.

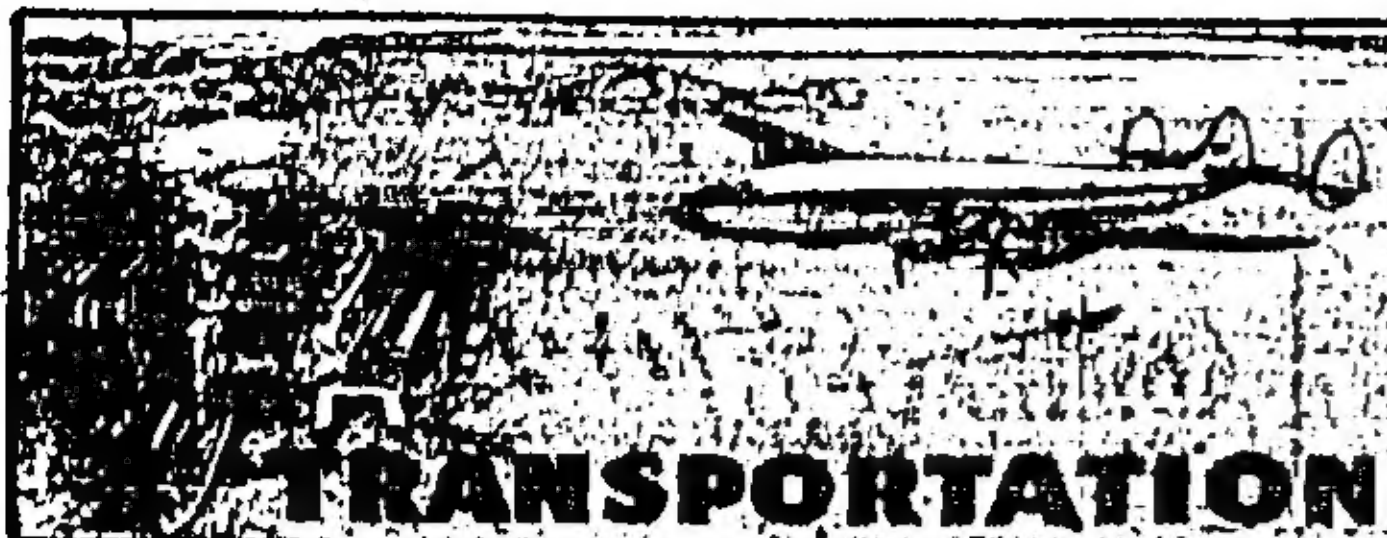
WEDNESDAY, JULY 9
Japan, 1 p.m. By Surface. Korea, 1 p.m. Formosa, 1 p.m. Malaya, 1 p.m. Ceylon, India, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Burma, 1 p.m. Thailand, 1 p.m. Pakistan, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Great Britain, 1 p.m. Canada, 1 p.m. U.S.A., 6 p.m.

THURSDAY, JULY 10
Japan, 1 p.m. By Surface. Korea, 1 p.m. Formosa, 1 p.m. Malaya, 1 p.m. Ceylon, India, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Burma, 1 p.m. Thailand, 1 p.m. Pakistan, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Great Britain, 1 p.m. Canada, 1 p.m. U.S.A., 6 p.m.

FRIDAY, JULY 11
Japan, 1 p.m. By Surface. Korea, 1 p.m. Formosa, 1 p.m. Malaya, 1 p.m. Ceylon, India, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Burma, 1 p.m. Thailand, 1 p.m. Pakistan, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Great Britain, 1 p.m. Canada, 1 p.m. U.S.A., 6 p.m.

SATURDAY, JULY 12
Japan, 1 p.m. By Surface. Korea, 1 p.m. Formosa, 1 p.m. Malaya, 1 p.m. Ceylon, India, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Burma, 1 p.m. Thailand, 1 p.m. Pakistan, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Great Britain, 1 p.m. Canada, 1 p.m. U.S.A., 6 p.m.

SUNDAY, JULY 13
Japan, 1 p.m. By Surface. Korea, 1 p.m. Formosa, 1 p.m. Malaya, 1 p.m. Ceylon, India, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Burma, 1 p.m. Thailand, 1 p.m. Pakistan, 1 p.m. Middle East, 1 p.m. Great Britain, 1 p.m. Canada, 1 p.m. U.S.A., 6 p.m.



ANOTHER STAGE IN THE ST LAWRENCE SEAWAY AND POWER PROJECT

This Canada Day, (today), will witness a dramatic moment in the development of a project daring in conception, vast in scope, and ingenious in design, one which has attracted the attention of nearly the entire world—the St Lawrence Seaway and Power Project.

Today one thousand and seventy miles up the St. Lawrence River from the Atlantic Ocean, near the Ontario city of Cornwall, the gates of a central dam will be partly closed, a water-dam will be blasted and waters of one of the world's great rivers will start to back up. Foundation will spread over the sites of towns and villages, railroads and highways. The flood will cover forever some 28,000 acres of Canadian territory. Thousands of acres less settled will be flooded on the United States side of the river too, for the international boundary follows the river channel here.

SEAWAY LAKE

So will be formed a lake, 35 miles long, from one to four miles wide and averaging in depth some 40 feet. The formation of this Seaway Lake or Power Pool will take but four or five days and then, when the waters stand at 236 feet above sea level behind the dams, the St. Lawrence, flowing at the rate of 24,000 cubic feet per second, will be freed again. But this

Next year, between the present head of ocean navigation and the Great Lakes to the West, there will sail bulk carriers with 25,000 tons in their holds, where before pined small craft, a craft 3,000 tons aboard. Through the new St. Lawrence Seaway will fly the flags of Canadian and foreign ocean ships, loaded to as much as 8,500 tons burden, where before their smaller sisters slid carefully through the old canals with cargoes of no more than 1,700 tons.

Of the millions of tons of traffic which are expected to move through the St. Lawrence Seaway in 1959, well over 95% will be in the form of bulk commodities, most notable being wheat, iron ore and grain. The ports from the Western wheatlands and iron ore are upland to the steel-making centres of the Great Lakes from the great ore fields of Northern Quebec and Labrador. Other bulk commodities will account for much of the remainder and there will be the movement of North American general cargo.



The first ship to pass through the first completed lock on the St. Lawrence Seaway Project.

time entirely under man's control, to run the turbines in a giant international powerhouse, yielding over 2,000,000 horsepower of electrical energy. Flowing slowly and gently, where once its waters raged in rapids, eddies and cross currents, the flood will form a tranquil basin for the passage of ships.

Ships did pass here, have done so for over a hundred years, but before by means of a system of canals on the Canadian side of the river, to disappear forever beneath the risen waters.

Three new locks—one Canadian and two United States—by-pass the power works have been built in this part of the St. Lawrence Seaway, called the International Rapids Section. These will be used for the remainder of this navigation season and subsequently four other new locks of size to handle a ship over 700 feet long and over 70 feet wide are being built by Canada along the St. Lawrence in the neighbouring Province of Quebec.

SEVEN LOCKS

Together these seven locks with joining canals and other major works will cost about \$480 million. They will replace a system of Canadian canals and 21 locks between Montreal, 1,000 miles from the sea, and usually recognized as head of ocean navigation, west to Lake Ontario, most easterly of North America's six great inland seas.

With the melting of the ice and the opening of navigation in April next year, the St. Lawrence Seaway will be open from Montreal to Lake Erie, providing a minimum depth of 27 feet for navigation from the Atlantic to the heart of our continent. Part of this work is being shared by the United States of America.

America To Build Two Superliners

TWO giant new superliners are to be built in the U.S., one for the North Atlantic run, the other for the Pacific. The U.S. Senate has authorized a higher Government subsidy than ever previously allowed.

The subsidy now approved by the Senate Bill is designed to increase the prestige of the U.S. merchant marine and provide for fast movement of thousands of troops in emergency.

United States strength in luxury travel has been fading. So with both peace and war in mind the Government proposes to spend 200 million dollars (\$271,000,000) on the superliners, then sell them to two shipping lines for some \$60,000,000 dollars (£28,500,000).

INDONESIAN SHIPS

WARSAW. Poland will supply Indonesia with 24 ocean-going ships, totalling 32,000 tons, a Polish ministry of foreign trade communiqué said.

An agreement, which covers the period 1959-62, was signed today in Warsaw at the close of talks between the Indonesian Trade delegation headed by the Minister of Navigation, M. Nadinia and Polish representatives including Janusz Burdziejewicz, Vice-Minister of Foreign Trade—France-Press.

Fight Against Wage Inflation

Tough Govt Fiscal Policy Still Remains

London, June 30. It is a psychological cliché that if you consistently act tough any relenting of this attitude is magnified out of all proportion. On the diplomatic front the Russians are masters of this manoeuvre.

Business circles here are increasingly convinced that in the economic field the British Government have been indulging in the same tactics. For what a week ago seemed to many to be new magnanimity in their fiscal policy has after an interval for reflection been whittled down to size.

Stringency After months of stringency, the reduction of the Bank Rate increased initial allowances on new plant and machinery, and wider scope for capital-hunting shipowners snatched at the reformer's "Christmas Carol."

Last week this column joined a handful of Jeremiahs in doubting that this new "magnanimity" was sufficient to keep the economy forging ahead, and suggested that it might do more than check the rate of deceleration.

Our seeming ingratitude has been in a large measure justified by the report issued by the Federation of British Industries after a survey of the nation's industry.

In hard, indisputable facts the report made plain that there is no excuse for facile optimism about the immediate economic future, that should lie ahead, and that the Government is going to have to see that enough way is kept on to steer clear of them.

Four Points Four main points emerged from the FBI survey. First that 70 per cent of the firms questioned were working below capacity. Second that businessmen are less optimistic than they were three months ago and that new orders have been declining. Third more than half the firms reported that their profit margins were being cut. And finally that nearly half of them forecast that demand in 1958 would be less in 1959 than it was in 1957.

Opposite Competition Between Russia & U.S.

By SYDNEY GAMPELL

London, June 30. Happily for the world, the present weakness of the U.S. economy does not weaken the international strategic balance to any such extent as it so easily could have done.

The immediate competition between the USSR and the U.S. is in the degree of opposite types of strain and maladjustment, the Communist camp suffering from shortages far more than the U.S. suffers from surpluses.

That being so, nothing could be more heartening than Mr. Khrushchev's constant insistence on catching up with the U.S. in military and other living standards. Evidently he is bent on—and deeply committed to—removing the stigma that the Communist system can do everything except deliver consumer goods to the Communists.

As it is a Herculean task, the immense energy and resources that it will require will not be usable for other less inoffensive offensives.

Mr. Khrushchev's expressed desire for Western trade aid and technicians bespeaks the urgency and difficulty of his programme, and could mean the end of the cold war.

Both of the trends—Moscow's huge need to raise consumer standards, and for U.S. credit to help it out—have been emerging for years. Now that they have broken surface, much good may result.—China Mail Special.

These facts demand attention and action. But what action? It is not nearly enough to say that the door must be opened for increased investment. Once before the British Government was faced with a similar problem. That was in 1933. Then the economy was speeded up. But in the wrong direction. Production and consumption of what economists call "consumer durables" rocketed. So did imports; but too many of these imports were for consumption. Not for investment or export.

The very meagreness of the Government's concessions of just weeks is a strong indication that it does not intend to be caught the same way again. But it is one thing to recognize the danger. It is quite another to know how to cope with it.

In effect what the Government has to do is to maintain the exports drive, keep industrial investment high, and somehow at the same time check consumption.

The last and vital point of these three is inextricably tied up with wage inflation.

Counteract But the more sanguine are already saying that this very slackness in industry, the fall in working hours, employment, and overtime, will be sufficient to counteract an inflationary tendency of current wage decisions.

This may sound academic economics. Politically it is dynamite. And any Government which counted this as a constant in determining an economic course would be playing with fire.

So far there is no clear sign of how Government will tackle this state of affairs. Whatever form the "cure" takes, it will not be started soon, for there is every sign of increasingly acute competition between major industrial countries.—London Express Service.

LONDON STOCK MARKET

London, June 30. Stock markets were idle today with operators generally unwilling to extend commitments with the international and general business outlook so uncertain.

Glit-edged were quiet following the appearance of a new Jamaican loan, but small investment buying was seen later and prices hardened.

Foreign bonds and rails lacked a trend. London predominated in industrials but business was slow and the downturn was due more to lack of support rather than to selling. Leading motors eased, and Rolls Royce closed nearly one shilling lower while General Electric was outstanding in a dull electrical group.

ICI were on a positive market in their ex-capitalisation form and closed at 28 1/4 or one shilling lower on balance. The new shares were quoted at 28 7/8.

Gold shares were irregular but copper were dull and elsewhere consolidated zinc weakened on news that the U.S. is not to stockpile lead and zinc.

Oils failed to hold earlier gains.—U.P.I.

Federal Tax On Freight Shipments

Washington, June 30. President Eisenhower today signed a bill repealing the three per cent Federal tax on freight shipments and extending for one year all other corporate and excise levies.

The repeal of the freight levies will go into effect Aug. 1. It will cost the Treasury an estimated \$8 million dollars a year. Without the extension of the other taxes, corporate and excise rates would have been automatically reduced at midnight tonight, the end of fiscal 1958. That would have cost the Treasury about \$2,000,000,000 a year in lost revenue.—U.P.I.

COMMODITY PRICES

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

NEW YORK Closing rates were: Canada 1.04-0/23; England 1.04-0/23; 30-days 1.04-0/23; 90-days 1.04-0/23; 180-days 1.04-0/23; 360-days 1.04-0/23; 540-days 1.04-0/23; 720-days 1.04-0/23; 900-days 1.04-0/23; 1080-days 1.04-0/23; 1260-days 1.04-0/23; 1440-days 1.04-0/23; 1620-days 1.04-0/23; 1800-days 1.04-0/23; 1980-days 1.04-0/23; 2160-days 1.04-0/23; 2340-days 1.04-0/23; 2520-days 1.04-0/23; 2700-days 1.04-0/23; 2880-days 1.04-0/23; 3060-days 1.04-0/23; 3240-days 1.04-0/23; 3420-days 1.04-0/23; 3600-days 1.04-0/23; 3780-days 1.04-0/23; 3960-days 1.04-0/23; 4140-days 1.04-0/23; 4320-days 1.04-0/23; 4500-days 1.04-0/23; 4680-days 1.04-0/23; 4860-days 1.04-0/23; 5040-days 1.04-0/23; 5220-days 1.04-0/23; 5400-days 1.04-0/23; 5580-days 1.04-0/23; 5760-days 1.04-0/23; 5940-days 1.04-0/23; 6120-days 1.04-0/23; 6300-days 1.04-0/23; 6480-days 1.04-0/23; 6660-days 1.04-0/23; 6840-days 1.04-0/23; 7020-days 1.04-0/23; 7200-days 1.04-0/23; 7380-days 1.04-0/23; 7560-days 1.04-0/23; 7740-days 1.04-0/23; 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TUESDAY, JULY 1, 1958.

SHEAFFER'S

ADMIRAL "SNORKEL" PEN

Franco-British Talks End

'BRILLIANT DIPLOMATIC SUCCESS'

By HAROLD KING

Paris, June 30. The Franco-British meeting of General de Gaulle and Mr Harold Macmillan has been a "brilliant diplomatic success," according to officials close to the French Prime Minister.

Scandal In Washington

IKE'S AIDE TO BE SUED FOR LIBEL

Washington, June 30. Mr John Fox, a chief witness in the Sherman Adams inquiry, announced today that he planned to bring libel suits totalling US\$6 million against Mr Adams and others.

Mr Fox, a Boston lawyer, announced this while testifying before the Congressional subcommittee investigating relations between Mr Adams, President Eisenhower's chief assistant, and the millionaire industrialist, Bernard Goldfine.

Mr Fox did not give the subcommittee any details of his charges but when interviewed afterwards in front of television cameras he said "All the individuals and the newspapers made thoroughly scurrilous and libelous statements about me in writing."

He added he felt certain "the committee has some information that has not yet been brought up."

He said he expected the suits would be filed here and in Boston tomorrow.

In his testimony today, Mr. Fox claimed that Mr Adams had tried to stop Mr Goldfine from boasting that Adams had never let him down.—Reuter.

End Of The Enterprise

New York, June 30. The US\$10 million World War II carrier Enterprise was sold today for half a million dollars for scrap metal.

The navy said the carrier, which won 20 of a possible 22 battle stars in Pacific fighting and was erroneously reported sunk so often that her crew wrote to eat in the field, would make "excellent dog biscuits," the office said.—U.P.I.

DRUIDS OBSERVE SUMMER SOLSTICE



The traditional ceremony of the Summer Solstice was held at Stonehenge during the weekend. Photo shows a general view during the Druid Ceremony at Stonehenge, Salisbury Plain. — Keystone.

De Gaulle To Stake All On Visit To Algeria?

SUCCESS OR FAILURE OF PREMIER'S POLICY

By Harold King

Paris, June 30. General de Gaulle goes to Algeria tomorrow for a three-day visit which may prove decisive for the success or failure of his policy in North Africa.

It is his second visit within a month and he is expected to consolidate his hold on the Army in an inspection tour of military posts.

The Army is guiding and stimulating the movement of fraternisation with the Moslem population. But observers say the time has come for more concrete expression of the hopes raised by de Gaulle and he may announce a number of measures to catch the popular imagination.

These could include: ● Use of the same batonnotes, currency and postage stamps in Algeria as in metropolitan France; ● Possible abolition of customs control between Algeria and France; ● Possible equality of ex-service pensions for Moslems and Frenchmen (at present a Moslem ex-soldier when wounded gets only two-thirds the sum paid to a wounded Frenchman).

The main problem facing the Premier in Algeria is his growing uneasiness, not to say hostility, of the extremist settlers, who called for de Gaulle in the first place, but now find him too "liberal" for their taste.

They were dismayed at his agreement with President Bourguiba for the withdrawal of French troops from the interior of Tunisia.

LYING LOW Up to now the extremists have been lying relatively low, but there are signs that they are becoming more active and might even turn against de Gaulle. For the first time, one of their representative organisations, a committee of various Algerian ex-servicemen's bodies, has openly criticised the government and urged it to "complete the revolution by making it nationwide".

General de Gaulle has decided to face the extremists and is taking with him M. Guy Mollet, Socialist Minister of State, who to them represents a system of politics they want to get rid of. The Army has little

sympathy with the extremist European settlers. The "lean and keen" young officers of France's Army in Africa are far closer in feeling and sentiment to the Moslems whose lives they share every day than to the millionaire landowners of Algiers and Oran.

General de Gaulle will need the Army's support at least until after the constitutional referendum in three months' time.

It is likely to back him and remain loyal to him, but the General himself is keen to prevent it becoming a permanent political instrument. He does not want the colonels, majors and captains to regard themselves as invested with a political rather than a national and military mission.—Reuter.

RUSSIA SENDS NEW NOTE TO YUGOSLAVIA

London, June 30. Russia has sent a new note to Yugoslavia about the proposed deferment of Soviet loans to Yugoslavia, Moscow Radio reported tonight.

The note, dated June 28, rejected Yugoslav accusations that Russia had refused to grant Yugoslavia the loans on which agreements had been reached.

The note, and previous notes exchanged between Russia and Yugoslavia on the loans, will be published in Moscow newspapers tomorrow, the radio said.

The official Soviet news agency Tass said later the newspapers published details of the exchange of notes because of "the incorrect and tendentious presentation" of the questions involved by Yugoslav newspapers.—Reuter.

Space Spying?

RUSSIA'S SPUTNIK III MAY BE CAPABLE

Detroit, June 30. A SCIENTIST said today that Russia's Sputnik III may already contain preliminary forms of instruments which can "locate roads, highways, general map characteristics and even troop movements and concentrations."

Dr John Evvard, of Lewis Flight Propulsion Laboratory and the National Advisory Commission for Aeronautics, made the statements in a talk at the Industry Missile and Space Age Conference.

The conference is being held today and tomorrow, with leaders in industry, the military and government on hand.

If Sputnik III does contain such instruments, Evvard said, "Russia would for the first

time have the ability to know the location of all our surface ships without the aid of espionage and code breaking."

"A polar orbit allows such surveillance of the entire Earth limited only by the cloud cover," he said.

Evvard said infra-red rays plus visual detection could view flight paths of aircraft and ballistic missiles, as well as surface objects, from space satellites.

Weather observation, television - radio, relay, cosmic ray research and harnessing, biological experiments with animals and man, meteors and meteor dust research, communication stations, all were listed as among uses of satellites and space craft.—U.P.I.

Commons Debate On Cotton

(Continued from page 1)

Hongkong now than Hongkong was selling to Britain. The government would not be able to stop at restricting textiles from Hongkong. It would have to be logical and discriminate over a whole range of imports hitherto duty-free.

Duty To Protect

Mr W. A. Burke, Labour Lancashire member, said the Colonial Secretary had said the other day it was the duty of the British Government to protect the Crown Colony of Hongkong. Lancashire would probably be better protected were it a Crown Colony and not a Duchy.

Mr John McLean, Labour member for Rochdale, Lancashire, said Britain was "going up in hand to the East for a voluntary agreement while Lancashire starved."

Mr Charles Fletcher-Cooke, Conservative for Darwen, Lancashire, said no serious politician or business man would suggest reducing Hongkong's imports. But they should be kept at their present level.

No Modernisation

"Unless the fear, the nightmare, of over-increasing Hongkong imports is removed, no one will modernise in Lancashire," he said.

Mr Douglas Jay, winding up the debate for the opposition, said drastic steps should be taken to end the "present scandal" of excessive hours of work in Hongkong. It was mainly hours of work rather than wages or conditions there that were open to criticism.

The Government on this matter seemed to have been "weak, dilatory and evasive."

In Japan, China, India and Pakistan, the British government could not act directly to support trade unions and improve conditions, but in Hongkong Britain had the whole responsibility.

A Cut, Of Course!

The shortening of hours would mean the employment of more workers, not less, to the advantage of Hongkong.

"It will mean a cut, of course, in the present excessive profits and slackening of the unfair competition with Lancashire, but not necessarily a savage cut in Hongkong's total trade," he said.

Gross exploitation of labour, involving grossly unfair competition with Lancashire, had been going on in Hongkong with the knowledge of the Colonial Office and the Hongkong Government.

Mr Jay said that under pressure from the opposition, the Colonial Secretary had at last promised an employment bill for Hongkong.

"If the government does not move on this with far greater energy to end this scandal of Hongkong hours of work, it will be convicted of shocking indifference to the welfare of

both the workers in Hongkong and the people of Lancashire," he said.

Mr Jay thought the Government should tell Hongkong, Pakistan and India that unless voluntary agreement was reached by some certain named date Britain would be forced to act on its own.

Mr Reginald Maundling, Paymaster-General replying to the debate, said by sad joke Hongkong wages were much the same as those paid in India. Conditions, particularly in the modern mills, were "pretty good."

The great argument was the hours of work, and the Government admitted that was a considerable point.

But it would be quite wrong to imagine that action on hours of work in Hongkong would solve the Lancashire problem.

Even if the hours were changed, it would mean very little effect to the competitive influence of Hongkong goods on Lancashire.

No Promises

Mr Jay: "How soon will there be actual legislation in Hongkong?"

Mr Maundling: "I would not like to give a promise."

It was, he added, more a matter of social conditions in Hongkong than economics in Lancashire.

If the people of Hongkong were to increase their standard of living, they must buy more. If they were to do that they must sell more.

They are not going to sell more to China, which is short of sterling and can in any case produce cotton textiles probably cheaper than Hongkong.

Not A Help

"They hope" to sell more in countries other than England. They hope to export more to Europe and it is the duty of the government to help them to do that.

"But it certainly will not help them to do that by putting restrictions on what they send to this country. The policy of putting compulsory quotas on what we buy from Hongkong is a policy of reducing the amount of well-being of the people of Hongkong."

Mr Maundling said there was a case for doing something to prevent the expansion which had been so rapid recently, particularly in exports from Hongkong.

Mr Maundling said it was impossible for Britain, who was responsible for the people of Hongkong to say to them: "If you do not agree we shall force you."

The government hoped there would be a voluntary agreement. It believed there would be because it was convinced it was in the long term interests of both Britain and the Asiatic countries to avoid any frust of Asiatic competition.—Reuter.

Rain Makers Do Roaring Trade In Tokyo

Tokyo, June 30.

The dearth of rain which is threatening Japan's rice crop and harrying Japanese tempers is proving to be a boon not only for beer halls and ice cream vendors but also for self-styled rain makers.

They approach the two categories of traders who are to be most cruelly affected by the two-hour rationing of water enforced from tomorrow in certain areas of Tokyo: laundrymen and bath house operators, with an offer to pray for rain in exchange for a "small contribution."

OBSTINATELY Prayers and chants do go up but rain obstinately refuses to come down.

In some parts of Tokyo, people were digging wells in preparation for stringent rationing measures.

Shinto priests conducted "rain making" rituals with lion dances and "rain-invoking" torches while worshippers stamped their feet to the strains of ancient chants.—France Press.



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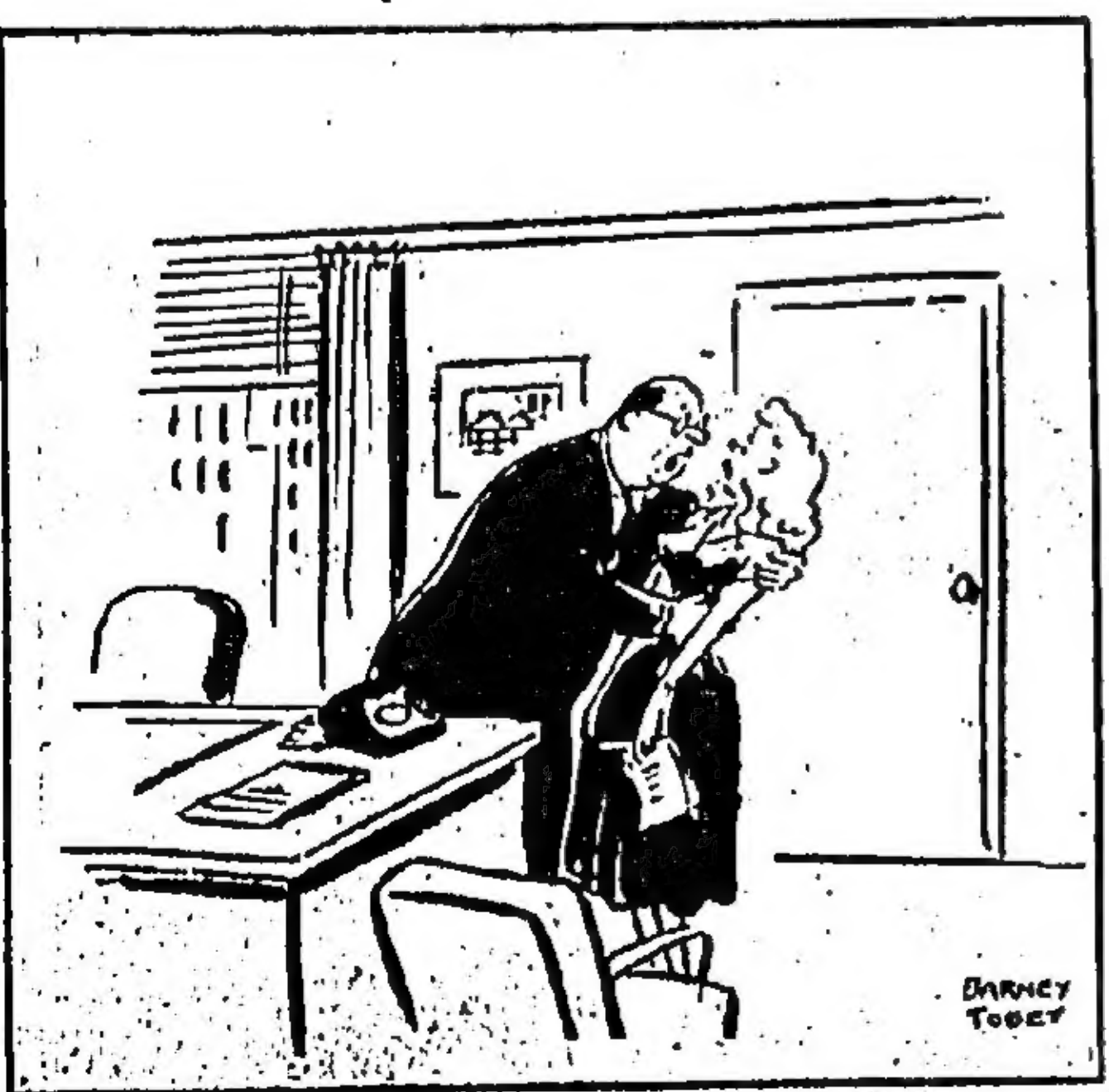
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